

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



أ. ناشد الحاج

الملف إجابات مراجعة الاختبار القصير 7-8-9 Unit

موقع المناهج ← ملفات الكويت التعليمية ← الصف العاشر ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الثاني

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف العاشر



روابط مواد الصف العاشر على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف العاشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

مفردات	1
ملخص الوحدة التاسعة	2
ملخص الوحدة الثامنة	3
ملخص الوحدة السابعة	4
نموذج امتحان قدرات	5



الصف العاشر

اللغة الإنجليزية



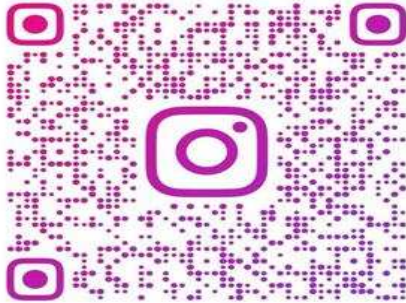
إجابات مراجعة الاختبار القصير

Unit 7-8-9

الفصل الدراسي الثاني

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Vocabulary

Unit 7

Lesson: 1+2

1-	crude oil	n	النفط الخام
2-	entirely	adv	تماما - بشكل كلي
3-	finite	adj	محدود - غير متجدد
4-	fossil fuel	n	وقود أحفوري
5-	fractional distillation	n	التقطير الجزئي
6-	polymer	n	مركب كيميائي لصناعة البلاستيك
7-	refining	n	التصفية - تكرير

Lesson: 4+5

8-	actually	adv	في الواقع
9-	appliance	n	أداة - جهاز منزلي
10-	breakdown	n	تعطل - عطل
11-	generate	v	يولد - ينتج
12-	last	v	يدوم - يستمر
13-	motoring	n	قيادة السيارة
14-	strong	adj	قوي

Lesson: 7+8

15-	asthma	n	الربو - ضيق تنفس
16-	congestion	n	ازدحام
17-	consult	v	يستشير
18-	diminish	v	يقلل
19-	end up with	v	ينتهي ب
20-	government	n	حكومة
21-	hazardous	adj	خطير
22-	irreversible	adj	حتمي - لا بد منه
23-	motorist	n	سائق
24-	procure	v	يحصل على
25-	recently	adv	مؤخرا
26-	self-employed	adj	صاحب مهنة حرة
27-	smog	n	دخان و ضباب
28-	squander	v	يبدّر - يهدر
29-	waste	n	هدر - تبذير

Unit 8

Lesson: 1+2

1-	contact lens	n	عدسة لاصقة
2-	cure-all	n	علاج شامل
3-	currently	adv	حاليا
4-	draw	v	يسحب
5-	gold-coated	adj	مطلي بالذهب
6-	innovate	v	يبتكر - يطور
7-	instantly	adv	فورا - في الحال
8-	latest	adj	الأحدث
9-	micro-robot	n	آلي صغير
10-	nanoshell	n	شريحة طبية صغيرة
11-	satnav	n	نظام تحديد الموقع
12-	shock	n	صدمة
13-	sophisticated	adj	متطور-متقدم
14-	tumour	n	ورم

Lesson: 4+5

15-	bifocal	adj	ثنائي العدسات
16-	frequent	adj	متكرر
17-	instigate	v	يبدأ-يبادر
18-	legible	adj	واضح - مقروء
19-	obedient	adj	مطيع
20-	patient	adj	صبور
21-	reputation	n	سمعة
22-	software	n	برامج الكترونية
23-	spot	n	بقعة-مكان

Lesson: 7+8

24-	anniversary	n	ذكرى سنوية
25-	heart rate	n	معدل نبضات القلب
26-	recharge	v	يعيد شحن
27-	remind	v	ينبه-يذكر
28-	terminal	n	جهاز عرض المعلومات
29-	torso	n	جذع الجسم (الخصر)
30-	transmit	v	يرسل-ينقل
31-	trespass	v	يتعدى على - ينتهك
32-	wearer	n	مرتدي الملابس

Unit 9

Lesson: 1+2

1-	accounting	n	محاسبة
2-	barter	v	يقايض - يبادل
3-	confidentiality	n	السرية
4-	economics	n	علم الاقتصاد
5-	insurance	n	تأمين
6-	invest	v	يستثمر
7-	investment	n	استثمار
8-	loan	n	قرض
9-	management	n	ادارة
10-	transaction	n	معاملة تجارية- صفقة

Lesson: 3

11-	billionaire	n	ملياردير
12-	charitable	adj	خيرى
13-	inherit	v	يرث
14-	philanthropic	adj	انساني/محسن-خير
15-	tax return	n	عائد ضريبي

Lesson: 4+5

16-	auction	n	مزاو علني
17-	complimentary	adj	مجانى
18-	login	n	تسجيل دخول
19-	shipping	n	الشحن
20-	tax	n	ضريبة

Lesson: 7+8

21-	affluent	adj	غنى - ثرى
22-	evil	n	شر-شرير
23-	extinct	adj	منقرض
24-	generosity	n	الكرم
25-	gross	v	يربح
26-	in this sense	phr	بهذا المعنى
27-	profit	n	ربح
28-	spur	v	يشجع على
29-	success	n	نجاح

أفكار وجمل مساعدة لكتابة التعبير

Unit 7

1-The advantages of alternative (renewable) energy: إيجابيات الطاقة البديلة (المتجددة)

-There are many advantages of alternative (renewable) energy
هناك عدة إيجابيات للطاقة البديلة (المتجددة)

1-Renewable energy reduces pollution.	1-الطاقة المتجددة تقلل التلوث
2-It is infinite.	2-غير محدودة
3- It doesn't cost much money.	3-لا تكلف الكثير من المال
4-It is easy to get.	4-الحصول عليها سهل
5-It provides more jobs.	5-توفر وظائف أكثر

2-The disadvantages of alternative (renewable) energy: سلبيات الطاقة البديلة (المتجددة)

-There are many disadvantages of alternative (renewable) energy
هناك عدة سلبيات للطاقة البديلة (المتجددة)

1-It can be affected by environmental factors.	1-تتأثر بالعوامل البيئية
2-Renewable energy sites need a lot of space.	2-مواقع الطاقة المتجددة تحتاج مساحات كبيرة
3- It needs constant maintenance.	3-تحتاج صيانة مستمرة
4-It has low-efficiency levels.	4-مستوى فعالية منخفض
5-It has limited storage.	5-تخزين محدود

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

3-The advantages of non- renewable energy:

إيجابيات الطاقة غير المتجددة

-There are many advantages of non-renewable energy

هناك عدة إيجابيات للطاقة غير المتجددة

1-It is available.	1-متوفرة
2-It is easy to store.	2-سهولة الاستخدام
3- It is important for economy.	3-مهمة للاقتصاد
4-It is abundant and affordable.	4-كثيرة ويمكن تحمل تكلفتها
5-It has many uses.	5-لها الكثير من الاستخدامات



4-The disadvantages of non- renewable energy:

سلبيات الطاقة غير المتجددة

-There are many disadvantages of non-renewable energy

هناك عدة سلبيات للطاقة غير المتجددة

1-It is finite.	1-غير متجددة
2-It causes pollution and global warming.	2-تسبب تلوث واحتباس حراري
3- It is very expensive.	3-مكلفة جدا
4-It damages farming.	4-تخرب الزراعة
5-It causes health problems.	5-تسبب مشاكل صحية

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

5-The importance (uses) of oil: أهمية (استخدامات) النفط

-Oil is very important and it has different uses.

النفط مهم جدا وله استخدامات مختلفة

1-It is used as fuel for cars.	1-يستخدم كوقود للسيارات
2-It can be used as polymer for plastic.	2-يستخدم كمادة لصنع البلاستيك
3- It can be used to make clothes.	3-يستخدم في صناعة الملابس
4-It can be used to generate electricity.	4-يستخدم لتوليد الكهرباء
5-It can be used to heat buildings.	5-يستخدم لتدفئة الملابس



6-Saving energy: توفير الطاقة

-We can save energy by many ways.

نستطيع توفير الطاقة بعدة طرق

1-We can share cars with other people.	1-مشاركة السيارات مع الآخرين
2-We can use smaller cars.	2-استخدام سيارات أصغر
3-We can use public transport.	3-استخدام المواصلات العامة
4-We should turn off lights when we are out.	4-إطفاء الأنوار عندما نكون في الخارج
5-We should turn off unnecessary appliances.	5-إطفاء الأجهزة غير الضرورية

إعداد: أناشد الحاج

Unit 8

7-The advantages of modern technology (inventions):

إيجابيات التكنولوجيا (الاختراعات) الحديثة

-There are many advantages of modern technology (inventions).

هناك عدة إيجابيات للتكنولوجيا (الاختراعات) الحديثة

1-It makes communication easier.	1-تجعل التواصل أسهل
2-It makes travelling faster.	2-تجعل السفر أسرع
3- It develops education.	3-تطور التعليم
4-It saves time and effort.	4-توفر الوقت والجهد
5-It makes our life easier and better.	5-تجعل الحياة أسهل وأفضل

8-The disadvantages of modern technology (inventions):

سلبيات التكنولوجيا (الاختراعات) الحديثة

-There are many disadvantages of modern technology (inventions).

هناك عدة سلبيات للتكنولوجيا (الاختراعات) الحديثة

1-It has made our life boring.	1-جعلت الحياة مملة
2-It has affected social life negatively.	2-أثرت على الحياة الاجتماعية بشكل سلبي
3- It has made people lazy.	3-جعلت الناس كسالى
4-It can be misused.	4-يمكن أن يساء استخدامها
5-It isn't always safe.	5-ليست آمنة دائما

9-The functions of a robomate

وظائف الرجل الآلي

-A robomate can do many functions.

الرجل الآلي يستطيع القيام بعدة وظائف

1-It can translate between languages.	1-يترجم بين اللغات
2-It can do the housework.	2-يقوم بعمل المنزل
3- It can remember all what you tell it.	3-يتذكر ما تقوله له
4-It helps you monitor your house.	4-يساعدك على مراقبة منزلك
5-It can save information.	5-يحتفظ بالمعلومات

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

Unit 9

10-The importance (advantages) of money:

أهمية (إيجابيات) المال

-Money is important for many reasons.

المال مهم لعدة أسباب

1-It helps us to buy our basic needs.	1-يساعدنا على شراء الحاجات الأساسية
2-It gives us more freedom and more options.	2-يعطينا حرية أكثر وخيارات أكثر
3- It helps us to have our own business.	3-يساعدنا كي يكون لدينا عمل تجاري
4-It helps us to travel around the world.	4-يساعدنا على السفر حول العالم
5-It helps us to develop education.	5-يساعدنا في تطوير التعليم

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11-The disadvantages of money:

سلبيات المال

-Money has some disadvantages and it can be the root of evil.

المال له عدة سلبيات ويمكن أن يكون مصدرا للشر

1-It causes greed.	1-يسبب الجشع
2-It may cause problems between people.	2-يسبب مشاكل بين الناس
3- It leads to wars between countries.	3-يقود للحروب بين الدول
4-It causes selfishness.	4-يسبب الأنانية
5-It causes stress and anxiety.	5-يسبب القلق والتوتر

12-Spending money

صرف المال

-We should spend money in reasonable ways.

يجب صرف المال بطرق معقولة

1-We shouldn't buy unnecessary things.	1-عدم شراء الأشياء غير الضرورية
2-We can help the poor.	2-مساعدة الفقراء
3- We can donate money.	3-التبرع بالمال
4-We should save money.	4-توفير المال
5-We can invest some money in projects.	5-الاستثمار في مشاريع

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

VOCABULARY
UNIT 7

From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1- The chemicals in the factory were found to be.....to the workers' health.

- a-finite b- strong **c- hazardous** d- irreversible

2-Plastic is made from a type of.....that can be molded into various shapes and sizes.

- a- polymer** b- refining c- appliance d- motoring

3-Before making any major decisions, it's important toan expert in the field.

- a- squander b- procure c- diminish **d- consult**

4-The project wasfinished ahead of schedule.

- a- entirely** b- actually c- recently d- strongly

5-Her doctor advised her to avoid smoking, as it could worsen hersymptoms.

- a-breakdown **b- asthma** c- congestion d- government

6-The number of seats in the theater is, so it's best to buy tickets early.

- a-self-employed b- irreversible c- hazardous **d- finite**

7-The meeting willfor about two hours, so make sure to take notes.

- a-squander b- end up with **c- last** d- consult

8-The city was covered in thick, making it difficult to see or breathe clearly.

- a-waste **b- smog** c- crude oil d- fossil fuel

9- The wind turbines helpclean energy for the entire community.

- a-generate** b-last c- consult d- diminish

10- The pain started toafter the patient had taken the medicine.

- a- diminish **b- diminish** c-squander d- last

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

UNIT 8

From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1- A/An can perform precise medical procedures inside the human body.

- a-contact lens b- cure-all **c- micro-robot** d- nanoshell

2- We relied on theto guide us through the unfamiliar city and avoid getting lost.

- a- satnav** b- shock c- tumour d- reputation

3- After running for 30 minutes, herincreased, but she was able to recover quickly.

- a- software b- spot c- anniversary **d- heart rate**

4- The technician connected the computer to the to display the data on the larger screen.

- a- terminal** b- torso c- wearer d- shock

5- The company strives toand create new products every year.

- a-draw **b- innovate** c- instigate d- recharge

6- He had to money from his account to cover the unexpected expenses.

- a-remind b- transmit c- trespass **d- draw**

7- The detective used a /an method of investigation to solve the complex case.

- a-gold-coated b- latest **c- sophisticated** d- bifocal

8- She isworking on a new project that aims to improve environmental sustainability.

- a-currently** b-instantly c- frequently d- patiently

9- The app allowed me tosend messages to my friends, no matter where they were.

- a-currently **b-instantly** c- frequently d- patiently

10- There's no such thing as a /anfor every disease.

- a-contact lens b- nanoshell c- micro-robot **d- cure-all**

UNIT 9

From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1- ensures that personal information is kept private.

- a- Accounting **b- Confidentiality** c- Economics d- Insurance

2- She decided to take a /an to renovate her house.

- a- investment b- transaction c- management **d- loan**

3- The painting was sold at a /an for a record price.

- a- billionaire b- tax return **c- auction** d- login

4- His in helping others during difficult times was truly inspiring.

- a- shipping b- tax c- evil **d- generosity**

5- The company made a significant after launching their new product.

- a- profit** b- success c- loan d- generosity

6- She will a beautiful house by the beach from her grandmother.

- a- barter b- invest **c- inherit** d- gross

7- He decided to in the stock market to grow his savings.

- a- invest** b- spur c- barter d- gross

8- He is known for his donations to various causes around the world.

- a- charitable** b- extinct c- complimentary d- affluent

9- The hotel offered breakfast to all its guests.

- a- extinct b- affluent **c- complimentary** d- charitable

10- Many species of animals are at risk of becoming due to habitat loss.

- a- extinct** b- affluent c- complimentary d- charitable

Grammar

Unit 7

If conditional:

<p>General conditional (type 0):</p> <p>- عند الحديث عن أشياء عامة وحقائق</p>	<p>Present simple مضارع بسيط</p> <p>- فعل مصدر - فعل مع -s-es</p>	<p>Present simple مضارع بسيط</p> <p>- فعل مصدر - فعل مع -s-es</p>
<p>1-</p>	<p>-Present simple مضارع بسيط</p> <hr/> <p>- فعل مصدر - فعل مع -s-es am-is-are have-has</p>	<p>will + مصدر</p> <hr/>
<p>2-</p>	<p>-Past simple ماضي بسيط</p> <hr/> <p>تصريف ثاني was-were اسم+had</p>	<p>Would + مصدر</p> <hr/>
<p>3-</p>	<p>-Past perfect ماضي تام</p> <hr/> <p>تصريف ثالث + had</p>	<p>Would have + تصريف ثالث</p> <hr/>

Exercises

From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

- 1- If you heat water to 100°C, it (boil). (Correct the verb)
a- If you heat water to 100°C, it would boil.
b- If you heat water to 100°C, it boiled.
c- If you heat water to 100°C, it boils
- 2- If they study hard, they (get) good marks. (Correct the verb)
a- If they study hard, they would get good marks.
b- If they study hard, they will get good marks.
c- If they study hard, they would have got good marks.
- 3- If he leaves now, he (catch) the train. (Correct the verb)
a- If he leaves now, he will catch the train.
b- If he leaves now, he would have caught the train.
c- If he leaves now, he would catch the train.
- 4- If they lived closer, we (visit) them more often. (Correct the verb)
a- If they lived closer, we will visit them more often.
b- If they lived closer, we would visit them more often.
c- If they lived closer, we would have visited them more often.
- 5- If you took your medicine regularly, you (feel) better. (Correct the verb)
a- If you took your medicine regularly, you will feel better.
b- If you took your medicine regularly, you would have felt better.
c- If you took your medicine regularly, you would feel better.
- 6- If she had saved some money, she (travel) with them. (Correct the verb)
a- If she had saved some money, she would have travelled with them.
b- If she had saved some money, she will travel with them.
c- If she had saved some money, she will travel with them.
- 7- I would have got more information if I (read) more books. (Correct the verb)
a- I would have got more information if I read more books.
b- I would have got more information if I had read more books.
c- I would have got more information if I have read more books.

8- What would you do if you (win) two million dollars? (Correct the verb)

a- What would you do if you win two million dollars?

b- What would you do if you had won two million dollars?

c- What would you do if you won two million dollars?

9- If water reaches 100 degrees, it (boil). (Correct the verb)

a- If water reaches 100 degrees, it boils.

b- If water reaches 100 degrees, it boiled.

c- If water reaches 100 degrees, it is boiling.

10- If David (not/ answer) my phone this time, I won't call him again. (Correct the verb)

a- If David won't answer my phone this time, I won't call him again.

b- If David doesn't answer my phone this time, I won't call him again.

c- If David didn't answer my phone this time, I won't call him again.

11- If you eat too much junk food, you (get) fatter. (Correct the verb)

a- If you eat too much junk food, you will get fatter.

b- If you eat too much junk food, you would get fatter.

c- If you eat too much junk food, you have gotten fatter.

12- My cousin (not/ have) so many accidents if he drove more carefully. (Correct)

a- My cousin hadn't had so many accidents if he drove more carefully.

b- My cousin won't have so many accidents if he drove more carefully.

c- My cousin wouldn't have so many accidents if he drove more carefully.

13- If I (have) more time, I would read more stories. (Correct the verb)

a- If I have more time, I would read more stories.

b- If I will have more time, I would read more stories.

c- If I had more time, I would read more stories.

14- If I (be) you, I would study hard for the final exams. (Correct the verb)

a- If I am you, I would study hard for the final exams. .

b- If I were you, I would study hard for the final exams.

c- If I had been you, I would study hard for the final exams.

Unit 8

Talking about wishes

التمني

<p>1-wish + ماضي بسيط (verb 2)</p> <p>-للتعبير عن عدم الرضا عن شيء في الوقت الحاضر. -للحديث عن أشياء مستحيلة</p> <p>-نختار الماضي البسيط اذا كانت جملة التمني في المضارع</p>	<p>-I wish I could speak Spanish. -I wish I were twenty years.</p>
<p>2-wish + ماضي تام (had+verb 3)</p> <p>-للتعبير عن الندم عن شيء في الماضي. -نختار الماضي التام اذا كانت جملة التمني في الماضي</p>	<p>-I wish I had gone with them yesterday. -I wish I hadn't bought this car last month.</p>

حتى مع المفرد

ملاحظة: مع جملة التمني دائما نستخدم فعل الكون were

Exercise

From a, b and c choose the correct answer as required:

1- I wish I (be) a doctor.

(correct)

a- I wish will be a doctor.

b- I wish I was a doctor.

c- I wish I were a doctor.

2- I wish I (see) them when they came here.

(Use: wish)

a- I wish I saw them when they came here.

b- I wish I had seen them when they came here.

c- I wish I have seen them when they came here.

3- I wish I (finish) my work before leaving the office yesterday.

(Correct)

a- I wish I finish my work before leaving the office yesterday.

b- I wish I have finished my work before leaving the office yesterday.

c- I wish I had finished my work before leaving the office yesterday.

4- I wish I (spend) my summer holiday in Paris. I could have visited the Eiffel. (Correct)

a- I wish I had spent my summer holiday in Paris. I could have visited the Eiffel.

b- I wish I will spend my summer holiday in Paris. I could have visited the Eiffel.

c- I wish I am spending my summer holiday in Paris. I could have visited the Eiffel.

5- The traffic on the way home was so bad due to a fatal accident.

(Use: wish)

a- I wish I was taking a different route.

b- I wish I will take a different route.

c- I wish I had taken a different route.

6- People drive too fast in the city centre. I wish they..... (Complete)

a- I wish they can drive more slowly.

b- I wish they would drive more slowly.

c- I wish they are driving more slowly.

UNIT 9

Reported Speech (Indirect Speech)

الكلام المنقول (الكلام غير المباشر)

الكلام المنقول هو نقل كلام شخص أو مجموعة أشخاص وتحويله من كلام مباشر الى كلام غير مباشر وهذا يتطلب اجراء بعض التغييرات في الجملة، وهذه التغييرات تنطبق على جميع حالات الكلام المنقول:
تغييرات ضرورية في الكلام المنقول

Present simple مضارع بسيط فعل مصدر أو فعل مع s-es	Past simple ماضي بسيط فعل تصريف ثاني
Past simple ماضي بسيط (تصريف ثاني)	Past perfect ماضي تام (had+verb 3)
I	he-she
we	they
you	I-we
my	his- her
our	their
this	that
these	those
here	there
now	then
ago	before
yesterday	the day before
tomorrow	the following day
last night	the night before
today	that day
your	my-our
am	was
is	was
are	were
have	had
has	had
can	could
will	would
shall	should
may	might
must	had to

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

الجملة الكاملة (وهي الجمل التي تتضمن فاعل وفعل وتكملة) وهنا نستخدم عبارات مثل (he said- he told me) ثم نكتب كلمة (that) وهنا يجب تغيير زمن الجملة , ومراعاة التغييرات المطلوبة مثل الفاعل وبقية الكلمات التي يجب تغييرها

1-I can speak French well.

He said that he could speak French well.

2-I will travel to London tomorrow.

She said that she would travel to London the following day.

3-We study many subjects at school.

The girls said that they studied many subjects at school.

4-Omar went to the sea yesterday

He told me that Omar had gone to the sea the day before.

5-My mother sold her nice necklace last week

She said that her mother had sold her nice necklace the week before

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Exercise

From a, b and c choose the correct answer as required:

1 - "I have finished my homework." Said Khalid

(Reported Speech)

a- Khalid said that he finished his homework.

b- Khalid said that he has finished his homework.

c- Khalid said that he had finished his homework.

2 - "I will visit you tomorrow." said Sara

(Reported Speech)

a- Sara said that she will visit me the following day.

b- Sara said that she would visit me the following day.

c- Sara said that she would visit me the tomorrow.

3 - "We can work together to finish the job." said the workers

(Reported Speech)

a- The workers said that they could work together to finish the job.

b- The workers said that we could work together to finish the job.

c- The workers said that they can work together to finish the job.

4 - " I lost my identity card yesterday ."

(Reported Speech)

a- Hamad told us that he lost his identity card yesterday.

b- Hamad told us that he has lost his identity card the day before.

c- Hamad told us that he had lost his identity card the day before.

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

5 - " I visited London last month ."

(Reported Speech)

a- He said that he had visited London the month before.

b- He said that he has visited London the month before.

c-He said that he would visit London the month before.

6-My aunt said, "I am staying here."

(Change into reported speech)

a- My aunt said that she is staying there.

b-My aunt said that she will be staying there.

c-My aunt said that she was staying there.

7-"I will see you tomorrow." my friend Nasser told me.

(Reported speech)

a-My friend Nasser told me that he will see me the next day.

b-My friend Nasser told me that he would see me the next day.

c-My friend Nasser told me that he would see me tomorrow.

8- "I met an old friend at the airport last week", said Hamad.

(Reported speech)

a- Hamad said that he had met an old friend at the airport the previous week.

b- Hamad said that he has met an old friend at the airport the previous week.

c- Hamad said that he would meet an old friend at the airport last week.

9- " I visited my uncle last Friday."

(Reported Speech)

a- Emily said that I visited my uncle the previous Friday.

b- Emily said that she visited my uncle the previous Friday.

c-Emily said that she had visited her uncle the previous Friday.

10-My brother said "I have been playing football for two hours."

(Reported Speech)

a-My brother said that he had been playing football for two hours.

b-My brother said that he was playing football for two hours.

c-My brother said that he has been playing football for two hours.

11- "I slept only for two hours last night.", He said.

(Complete)

He said

a- he was sleeping only for two hours last night.

b- he had slept only for two hours the previous night.

c- he has slept only for two hours yesterday.

12- "We visited many interesting places last week.", my friend said.

(Reported speech)

a- My friend said that they have visited many interesting places the week before.

b-My friend said that they would visit many interesting places the week before.

c- My friend said that they had visited many interesting places the week before.

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

نموذج اختبار قصير

..... School
Name :

Department of English
Class: 10 /

Second Period Quiz

Total

I- Vocabulary (20 Marks)

A- From a, b, c and d choose the best answer: (4 x 5 = 20 Marks)

1- Most countries still face the problem of traffic

a- shock b- distillation c- appliance **d- congestion**

2- She tried tohim of the meeting scheduled for 3 PM.

a- recharge b- implement **c- remind** d- diminish

3- Countries should develop new sources of energy because oil is

a- invisible **b- finite** c- sophisticated d- legible

4- We arrived late because we had a suddenin our car.

a- breakdown b- asthma c- smog d- nanoshell

II- Grammar (10 Marks)

B- From a, b and c choose the right answer as required: (2x5 = 10 Marks)

1- **If you went earlier, you (meet) him.** (Correct)

a- If you went earlier, you will meet him.

b- If you went earlier, you would meet him.

c- If you went earlier, you would have met him.

2- **I wish I (watch) yesterday's film.** (Correct)

a- I wish I had watched yesterday's film.

b- I wish I watching yesterday's film

c- I wish I would watched yesterday's film.

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

III- Writing (30 Marks)

Plan and write a paragraph of (6) sentences about the advantages of renewable energy.

The Outline (5 marks)

Introductory sentence:

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.....

Supporting details:

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.....

Concluding sentence:

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.....

Write your Paragraph here (25 Marks)

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إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج