

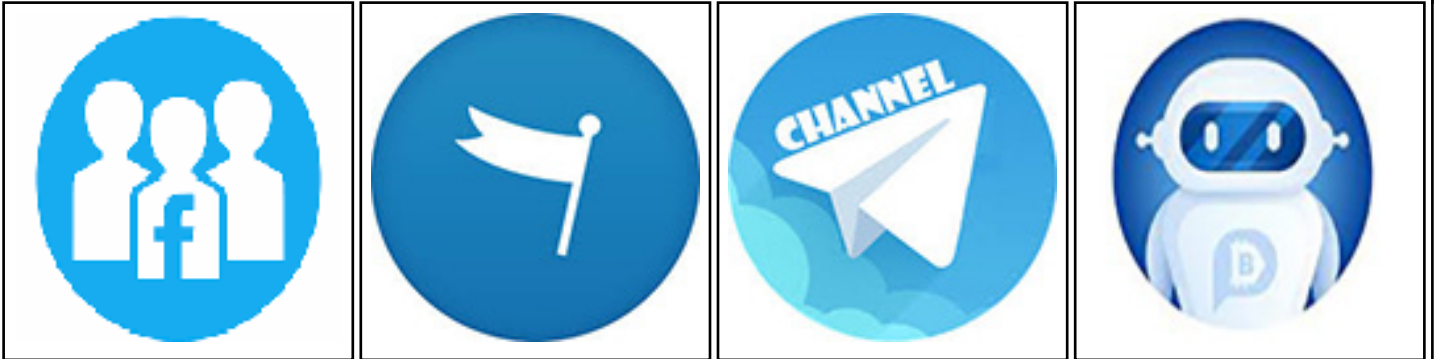
تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



الملف Key Answer Workbook

موقع المناهج ⇌ ملفات الكويت التعليمية ⇌ الصف العاشر ⇌ لغة انجليزية ⇌ الفصل الأول

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف العاشر



روابط مواد الصف العاشر على تلغرام

الرياضيات	اللغة الانجليزية	اللغة العربية	التربية الاسلامية
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المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف العاشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

كتاب الطالب في مادة اللغة الانكليزية	1
مواضيع التعبير للصف العاشر	2
مذكرة قواعد رائعة ومفيدة في مادة اللغة الانكليزية	3
الكلمات الجديدة بالترجمة في مادة اللغة الانكليزية	4
مذكرة ثانوية المباركية في مادة اللغة الانكليزية	5

Workbook Answer Key

Module I Getting together

Unit 1 Festivals

Reading

- 1
a 2
b 3
c 1 the time during which the cherry trees blossom
2 people who don't like noise and crowds
3 cherry trees in other parts of the world
- 2
a to make chewy snacks (*dango*)
b the start of the academic and financial years
c around the 7th century CE
d *Sakura*
e they don't produce fruit
f Japanese meteorologists tell them
- 3
a historian
b national
c gaze / view
d flour
e custom
f financial
g elsewhere
- 4
a custom
b noise; crowds; view
c elsewhere
d street vendors
e national; spring
f write poems
- 5 (Students' own answers)

Language practice

- 1
a go to
b goes up
c goes off
d went on
e went out
f are not going
- 2
a impossible
b frightened
c astonished
d big
e perfect
f tired
g pleased
- 3
1 vendor
2 world
3 festival
4 blossom
5 food
6 castle

4

- a Have you ever been to the Qurain Cultural Festival?
b Would you like to come to my house for dinner?
c Did Salma use to spend all her time studying indoors?
d Did the supermarket use to be at the end of this street?

5

- 1 can't
2 could
3 couldn't
4 could
5 couldn't
6 could
7 managed to
8 managed to
9 couldn't
10 managed to

6 (Students' own answers)

7 (Students' own answers)

Writing

- a Sunday
b Tuesday
c Monday
d Thursday
e Wednesday

- Sunday** as soon as I woke up / after breakfast / at six o'clock
Monday that first night / straight after breakfast / today / when we reached
Tuesday when I got up / yesterday's walk / today / Wednesday's trek
Wednesday after about an hour / eventually / late
Thursday this morning / for three hours / for another three hours / until we reached / five days ago

3 (Students' own answers)

Unit 2 Family celebrations

Reading

- 1 a It celebrates the birth of a child and welcomes parents into parenthood.
b It is organised by friends or relatives so that they can show their support to the new parents.
- 2 a because it is an event for the parents, normally held before the baby is born
b Silverware is given to commemorate the child's birth.
c to ease the transition into parenthood and show the parents support and friendship
d family items, such as clothing or toys
e the mother, her friends and family - sometimes men
f (Students' own answer)
- 3 (Students' own answer)



@English 4 all

4

Present Simple: is; suggest; involves; are; organise; occur
 Present Continuous: is becoming
 Present Perfect: has evolved; has become
 Present Passive: are needed; are given; is arranged; is intended;
 are held
 Present Perfect Passive: have been inherited

5

- a extended
- b economic
- c important
- d different
- e independent
- f successful
- g extremely

Language practice

1 (Suggested answers)

- a · a financial establishment that invests money deposited by customers
 · the land alongside a river
- b · large mammals with thick fur and a short tail
 · to endure; to put up with
- c · piece of furniture at which meals are often eaten
 · a set of facts or figures displayed in columns and rows
- d · the dark circle at the centre of the eye
 · students

2 (Suggested answers)

- a an informal gathering or meeting
 - b bound by a close relationship
 - c a significant point of development
 - d an opportunity to relax and decide what to do next
 - e something inside, especially of a house or building
 - f extremely worthy of something
- Sentences: (students' own answers)

3

- a 3
- b 5
- c 2

4

- 1 A How are you?
 B and you?
- 2 A The reason I'm calling is to invite you to a celebration.
 B What are we celebrating?
- 3 A My sister is going to be married.
 B I'll definitely come.
- 4 A See you next weekend.

5

- a After Waleed had passed his driving test, his father lent him his car.
- b The family had finished preparing the food for the party before the guests started arriving.
- c As soon as the tourists had got off their coach in the city centre, they went on a guided tour of the city.
- d After the businessman had checked in at the airport, he had breakfast.
- e The audience asked questions when the lecturer had finished speaking.
- f The cousins had arrived at the stadium at 11 a.m., before the volleyball tournament started at 12 p.m.

6

- a 4
- b 1
- c 5
- d 2
- e 3

7 (Self-assessment)

- a reminisce
- b captured
- c was holding
- d just touched
- e don't you swap
- f had passed
- g have not seen
- h met / will meet / is meeting / is going to meet

Writing

2 I am going to tell you something about the nomadic people who live in Ireland.

- They are called Travellers or Tinkers and traditionally they used to travel around the country in horse-drawn caravans selling things they had made. They were particularly well-known for making pans and kettles.
- Now more and more Travellers are moving into modern houses and settling down.
- They still travel, usually in modern cars and lorries now, but not as often as in the past. Their children go to school regularly and do the kinds of things children all over the world do: watch TV, listen to music and have their favourite football teams.
- Travellers have their own language, called Gammon, but this is now dying out as their traditional lifestyle is changing.
- The speaker doesn't follow the exact order of his notes.

3 (Students' own answers)

Unit 3 Meeting places

Reading

1 (Students' own answers)

2 (Students' own answers)

3

- a False: It is more popular than coffee.
- b False: 90% of the world's tea is grown in Asia.
- c False: People drink tea in the summer because they believe it helps them to keep cool and relax.
- d True
- e True
- f False: The word for tea is similar in many languages.

4 (Self-assessment)

- a porcelain
- b civil servant
- c chat
- d cultivation
- e skilled
- f apologies

5 (Students' own answers)

Language practice

1

- b ✓
- c X / discuss
- d X / spoke or talked
- e ✓
- f X / told
- g X / talking, speaking, arguing or chatting

2

2b tea-houses

3b driver

4b enjoy

5b quickly

6b daily

7b popularity

8b meet

Sentences: (students' own answers)

3

a 4

b 6

c 5

d 2

e 8

f 1

4

a hadn't discovered

b had arrived

c hadn't used

d hadn't developed

5 (Suggested answers)

1 Sorry, I can't make it tomorrow.

2 Yes, I'm free.

3 What time do you want to meet?

4 Shall we meet in Central Café?

5 Yes, see you later.

6

b If he wanted to sell cakes too, he would make them in the kitchen.

c If he wanted to become a café owner, he would need to do a training course first.

d If he owned a café, he would count the day's money at the end of each day.

7

b If he had wanted to sell cakes too, he would have made them in the kitchen.

c If he had wanted to become a café owner, he would have needed to have done a training course first.

d If he had owned a café, he would have counted the day's money at the end of each day.

8 (Students' own answers)

Writing

1

A picture 1

B picture 2

2

a white clouds / sunny day / little children / light clothes / small hill / dark blue / little boy / nice sand castle

b on to the beach / in the background / on the horizon / on the beach / behind the man / on their heads / the far right / as we look at the left

c doesn't look remote / they look very enthusiastic / looks huge / looks sandy

3 (Students' own answers)

4 (Students' own answers)

Module 1 Progress Test**Reading**

1

If you don't feel confident, ask your driving instructor... / Don't worry if you feel nervous. / Everybody makes a few mistakes... so don't try to drive perfectly. / If you don't understand something... ask him or her to... / ... forget about it and go on driving... / You won't fail because of one or two small mistakes. / ... don't get upset.

2

a You can ask them for their advice.

b It can help you concentrate on your driving.

c Arrive early and take plenty of time to relax.

3

1 b

2 c

3 c

Language practice

1

1 had studied

2 managed to

3 were able to

4 was

5 waited

6 had come

7 wasn't able to

8 had been

9 managed

10 could

11 managing

2

b If he hadn't got up late, his taxi wouldn't have got stuck in heavy traffic on the way to the driving academy.

c If his taxi hadn't got stuck in heavy traffic, he wouldn't have missed his turn for the driving test.

d If he hadn't missed his turn, he wouldn't have had to wait for one more hour.

e If he hadn't waited one more hour, he wouldn't have met an old school friend.

3

a difficult

b exhausted / going without

c absolutely / went on

d space shuttle / perfect

e artist / big

4

a similarity

b traditional

c difference

d production

e discoveries

f bravery

Writing

1 (Students' own ideas)

2 (Students' own ideas)

Module 2 Communication

Unit 4 Communicating

Reading

1 (Students' own answers)

2 (Students' own answers)

3

a the north of India

b they are copied

c mail runners

d over 1600

4

a unrivalled

b local

c bell

d rarely

e recipient

5

a The second statement is true. Himachal Pradesh introduced a postal service in northern India.

b The first statement is true. It is inaccessible.

c The second statement is true. The postmen wear a special uniform and carry a bell.

6

6 Letters are carried by 'mail runners' who travel long distances on foot.

4 E-mails are printed out and taken to the correct address.

1 People write the letters.

3 The letters are copied and sent by e-mails.

7 Letters are delivered to their addresses.

5 Some letters are taken by hand to their destinations.

2 People take the letters to the post office.

7

a mountainous, remote, inaccessible

b People write letters, letters are taken to post office, letters are copied and sent by e-mails, e-mails are printed and taken by mail runners to their correct destinations.

c Modern communication: Internet / e-mail
Traditional communication: letters

Language practice

1

a slice

b pieces

c glass

d clothing

e grain

2 (Students' own answers)

3 (Students' own answers)

4

a an / an / the

b an / the / a / a / X / the

c a / a / a / an

5

a live

b are

c wants

d intend

e believe

f have

6

a For some reason, neither Ahmed nor Waleed's numbers are in my phone book.

b Both Samira and Salma started a degree in medicine last year.

c Next season's Premier League will be won by either Liverpool or Arsenal.

d The long distance charges will have to be paid by either the caller or the receiver.

7 (Students' own answers)

8 (Self-assessment)

1 the

2 The

3 The

4 the

5 the

6 a

7 a

8 The

9 The

10 The

11 a

12 the

13 a



@English 4 all

Writing

1

a Both letters are formal because the writers use complete structures and formal words and phrases.

b **Letter A:** The student wants to join the International Exchange Programme.

Letter B: The director of Study Abroad replies to the student and gives more information about the International Exchange Programme.

2

a Letter B

b Letter A

c (Students' own answers)

d (Students' own answers)

3 (Students' own answers)

Unit 5 Writing

Reading

1

a 1943

b ten dollars

c France

d As the pen moves the ball revolves in its socket and transfers quick-drying ink on to the paper.

2

a True

b False: Biro's were stronger than 'normal' pens.

c False: The first American ballpoint pens were very expensive.

d False: Americans could buy Bic pens for one hundredth of the cost of the first American ballpoint pens.

e False: The Bic company still produces these cheap pens.

f True

3

a 3

b 1

c 4

- 4
a 7
b 10
c 4
d 1
e 8
f 3
g 5
h 6
i 2
j 9

5 (Students' own answers)

Language practice

- 1
1 characters
2 alphabet
3 scribes
4 tortoise shells
5 ancient
6 symbols
7 Traditionally
8 ink
9 brush
10 calligraphy
11 decorative
12 stylised
- 2
a have been making cakes
b has been avoiding
c have been learning to play
d practised / was practising
e have read
- 3
a since
b for
c for
d since
e since
f for
- 4
a Have you had / I've talked / Have you done / I've sent / I've tidied
b I've cut / I've told
c have you been doing / We've had / you've done / I've been revising
d He's just heard / he's passed / he's taken
- 5
a 5
b 1
c 8
d 3
e 4
f 7
g 6
- 6 (Students' own answers)
- 7 (Self-assessment)
a a professional
b impractical
c complicated
d precious
e a modern

Writing

- 1
1 i
2 h
3 j
4 b
5 a
6 d
7 g
8 f
9 c
10 e
- 2
a Can I / When did you / Do you / Could you / Can you / What do you / Have you ever / How long / Did you
b Can I start by asking you / And finally, can I ask you about
c the past / the present / the future
- 3 (Students' own ideas)

Unit 6 On the phone

Reading

- 1 a
1 Give their old phone to friend or family member.
2 Return it to the shop to get a discount on the new phone.
3 Throw the old phone away.
4 Recycle the phone.
5 Sell the phone to a specialist company.
- 1 b
1 Phones can damage the environment if you throw them away.
2 In some part of the world, people use second-hand phones instead of buying new ones.
- 2 (Students' own answers)
- 3
a discount
b simply
c landfill site
d disposable
e recycled
f second-hand
g exchange
h model
i upgrade
- 4
1 hassle
2 recycled
3 sold
4 environment
5 landfill
6 disposable
7 second-hand
- 5 (Students' own answers)

Language practice

- 1
a I couldn't do without it
b It was like that when I got here. / It wasn't my fault.
c I'm not too keen on it.
d it's getting better.
e That's right.

- 2
1 notify
2 hiking
3 mountainous
4 weak signal
5 break up
6 recharge
7 security number
8 delighted
9 designed
10 shock-resistant

- 3
a I'll have to call you later, because I'm running out of battery.
b Aisha won't be late for our meeting, will she?
c The novels of Mahfouz are well-known throughout the Arab world, but I don't like him.
d The chicken soup is too thick and spicy, isn't it?
e I haven't upgraded my phone since last February because it costs too much.

4 (Students' own answers)

- 5
a A haven't you?
B I have
b A won't you?
B I won't
c A isn't it?
B it is
d A do you?
B I don't
e A would you?
B I would
f A could you?
B I could

6

Question	Affirmative	Negative
We're going shopping later, aren't we?	Yes, we are going shopping later.	No, we're not going shopping later.
You'll make me a cup of tea, won't you?	<i>Yes, I'll make you a cup of tea.</i>	<i>No, I won't make you a cup of tea.</i>
<i>He's looking thinner than he used to, isn't he?</i>	Yes, he is looking thinner than he used to.	<i>No, he isn't looking thinner than he used to.</i>
<i>Your uncle works for your father, doesn't he?</i>	<i>Yes, my uncle does work for my father.</i>	No, my uncle doesn't work for my father.
<i>You can come to my house for dinner, can't you?</i>	Yes, of course I can come to your house for dinner.	<i>No, I can't come to your house for dinner.</i>
<i>You can give me a lift to the mall, can't you?</i>	<i>Yes, I can give you a lift to the mall.</i>	No, I can't give you a lift to the mall.
You couldn't help me with my homework, could you?	<i>Yes, I could help you with your homework.</i>	<i>No, I couldn't help you with your homework.</i>

Writing

- 1
A in favour of mobile phones
B unsure
C against mobile phones

2 (Students' own answers)

3 (Students' own answers)

Module 2 Progress Test

Reading

- 1
a ... in a serious car accident.
b ... talks to the computer.
c ... speech recognition technology.
d ... understand the sound of their voice.

2

Paragraph A: Fahd's story which led him to use a speech recognition programme

Paragraph B: development and types of speech recognition programmes

Language practice

1 (Suggested answers)

- a ... can he?
b You are studying computer programming, aren't you?
c You didn't have any Internet connection, did you?
d It was raining, wasn't it?
e You've been revising for the exam, haven't you?

2

- a vague; clear
b useful; useless
c precious; worthless
d active; passive

3

- 1 have been working
2 for
3 have been
4 since
5 haven't stopped
6 since
7 have gone
8 have you used
9 Has it compensated
10 has it been giving

4

- a grain / bar
b slices / panes
c pencil / pen
d write / put

Writing

1 (Students' own answers)

2 (Students' own answers)