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للحصول على جميع روابط الصفوف على تلغرام وفيسبوك من قنوات وصفحات: اضغط هنا

الروابط التالية هي روابط الصف الثامن على مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي

مجموعة الفيسبوك

صفحة الفيسبوك

مجموعة التلغرام

بوت التلغرام

قناة التلغرام

رياضيات على التلغرام

Unit one

1	Sprinting	(n.)	رياضه الركض-الجري لمسافه قصيره
2	Extremely	(Adv.)	للاغايه - جدا
3	Resistance	(n.)	مقاومه
4	Flexible	(Adj.)	مرن
5	Session	(n.)	جلسه
6	Regimen	(n.)	رجيم-نظام غذائي
7	Cool down(ed)	(PhV.)	يهدئ
8	Promise(d)	(v.)	يوعد
9	Arrow	(n.)	سهم
10	Strict	(Adj.)	شديد-صارم
11	Risk	(n.)	مخاطرة
12	Obesity	(n.)	البدانه-سمنه
13	Amount	(n.)	كميه
14	gain	(v.)	يحصل علي
15	Lack (ed)	(V.)	ينقص-يفتقر الي
16	Adequate	(Adj.)	كاف

Unit two

1	Lead - led -led	(V.)	يقود -يؤدي الي
2	Theme	(n.)	موضوع
3	Provide (d)	(V.)	يمد
4	Cavern	(N.)	كهف
5	Voluntary	(Adj.)	تطوعي
6	Native	(Adj.)	أصلي
7	Recently	(Adv.)	حديثا
8	Achieve(d)	(V.)	يحقق
9	Improve (d)	(V.)	يحسن
10	Require (d)	(V.)	يتطلب
11	Master (d)	(V.)	يتحكم-يجيد
12	Frequently	(Adv.)	مرارا
13	Infection	(n.)	عدوي
14	Sight	(n.)	رؤيه
15	Determination	(N.)	تصميم -إصرار
16	Overcome -overcame - overcome	(v.)	يتغلب علي
17	Barrier	(N.)	مانع - حاجز
18	Inspire (d)	(v.)	يلهم
19	Incredibly	(adv.)	شيء لا يصدق
20	Capable	(adj.)	قادر علي

Unit 1 Page 16**Grammar : Gerund & Infinitive:****Gerund**

1-The -ing form " Gerund " at the beginning of the sentences. في بدايه الجملة.

Ex: **Swimming** is good exercise.

2- The -ing form " Gerund " after some words like: good for , good at ,enjoy ,
interested in , love , spend

Ex: He is **good at reading** English.

I **spend** two hours **playing** tennis.

Press-up is **good for building** our muscles.

3- The -ing form " Gerund " or " infinitive ": after some words : like ,hate, dislikeprefer ,
try

Ex: He **likes reading** English.

I **liketo read** English.

Infinitive: المصدر

- We use the infinitive after : **It's difficult / It's easy /It's good / It's important /
promise / need**

Ex: It's **important to learn** English.

Ex: I **promise to do** my best to get full marks.

1- present simple tense:**Key words** الكلمات الدالة

*always

*often

الفعل مع هذه الكلمات

s* usually

* never يضاف له

لا يضاف له s

*sometimes

*every

he she it I you they we

Negative :

١ - الفعل بالمصدر بنفيه ب don't

٢ - الفعل المزود ب s بنفيه ب doesn't ثم نضع الفعل بالمصدر

** She **learns** English .She **doesn't learn** English.

They **make a cake.

They **don't make** a cake.

Unit 1 Page 16

Adverbs of Frequency

100% Always	I always brush my teeth at night
90% Usually	I usually walk to work.
80% Normally / Generally	I normally get good marks.
70% Often / Frequently	I often read in bed at night.
50% Sometimes	I sometimes sing in the shower
30% Occasionally	I occasionally go to bed late.
10% Seldom	I seldom add salt to my food.
5% Hardly ever / Rarely	I hardly ever get angry.
0% Never	Vegetarians never eat meat

Forming questions (تكوين السؤال)

What	ما - ماذا	How	كيف الحال - الوسيلة
Who	من للعاقل	How long	كم للمدة
When	متي للزمن	How many	كم للعدد
Where	أين للمكان	Why	لماذا للسبب
How often	عدد المرات	How much	كم الثمن - الكمية

Question word + auxiliary verb + subject + main verb + the rest of the sentence.

(اداة الاستفهام) (فعل مساعد) (فاعل) (فعلا ساسي) (باقى الجملة)

Example:

- Ali usually writes his homework at night.

When does Ali write his homework?

المضارع المستمر Present ContinuousKey words

*now الان *listen ! استمع مازال still
 *look at the moment في هذه اللحظة *انظر

عندما نرى هذه الكلمات نضع قبل الفعل (am + is + are) و نزود ing للفعل

I	am / 'm	drawing	a picture.
He			
She	is / 's	sleeping	in the room.
It			
You			
We	are / 're	watching	a film.
They			

Ex.Look !Birds(**fly**) high in the sky . **are flying**Negative النفي

*I'm _____ → I'm not

*is _____ → isn't

*are _____ → aren't

Ex. We **are writing** our homework now. (Negative)We **aren't writing** our homework now.Ex. They **are reading** Their stories now. (Ask)

What are they reading now?

Unit 2 (grammar) Page 22**Present Perfect**

already , just, recently, lately, not yet, never, ever

		+	-	?
I	Have V3	have played	haven't played	Have...
We				
You				
They				
He	Has V3	has played	hasn't played	Has...
She				
It				

Examples:

1-Arwa has already made a cake. (Positive)

2-She has not made a cake yet. (Negative)

3- Has she ever made a cake ? (Question)

Unit 2 Page 24**Grammar : Expressing purpose: التعبير عن الغرض**

To :Inf. مصدر

In order to :Inf. مصدر

So that : Is followed by a sentence with " **will, can , shall.....**" If it's present tense.

لو كان الزمن مضارع

So that : Is followed by a sentence with " **would, could , should.....**" If it's past tense.

لو كان الزمن ماضي

So that : Is followed by a sentence يتبعها دائما جملة تامه

Ex.:

1-I study hard in order to -to get high marks.

2-We eat healthy food so that we can be fit.

3-She slept early yesterday so that she could go to her work on time.

4-Ali joins a sports club. He wants to improve his skills. (**So that ...**)

Ali joins a sports club so that he can improve his skills.

5-Ali joined a sports club. He wanted to be fit. (**So that**)

Ali joined a sports club so that he could be fit.

6-Ali joined a sports club. He wanted to be fit. (**in order to**)

Ali joined a sports club in order to be fit.

تصريفات الأفعال

المعنى	Infinitive	Past	Past Participle
يرى	see	saw	seen
يأكل	eat	ate	eaten
يذهب	go	went	gone
يشترى	buy	bought	bought
يمسك	catch	caught	caught
يحضّر	bring	Brought	brought
يدرس	teach	taught	taught
يفكر	think	thought	thought
يتكلم	speak	spoke	spoken
يكسر	break	broke	broken
يعطي	give	gave	given
يقود	drive	drove	driven
يجد	find	found	found
يلقي	throw	threw	thrown
يكتب	write	wrote	written
يتعلم	learn	learnt	learnt
ينام	sleep	slept	slept
ياخذ	take	took	taken
يقضي	spend	spent	spent
يطير	fly	flew	flown
يشعر	feel	felt	felt
يحتفظ	keep	kept	kept

Unit one

Name :.....

Date :.....

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d

- 1- After the heart attack, the doctor put him on a regular
a) regimen b) session c) arrow d) sprinting
- 2- My friend collected a large of money to charity organizations.
a) arrow b) obesity c) risk d) amount
- 3- A lot of children all over the world are suffering from
a) amount b) obesity c) arrow d) session
- 4- Smoking increases the of lung cancer and heart diseases.
a) obesity b) sprinting c) resistance d) risk

Name :.....

Date :.....

2) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words in the list :-**(strict - gain -adequate – promised)**

- 1- I don't have time to prepare food for twenty guests.
- 2- Some people weight because of eating too much junk food.
- 3- Governments should set rules for not using disabled parking areas.
- 4- My daughter me to be at home before ten o'clock at night.

Name :.....

Date :.....

3) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words in the list :-**(adequate - extremely –strict –flexible)**

- 1- Stretching activities like yoga make us more
- 2- Clean water is important for having a healthy life.
- 3- Students told their teacher that they don't have time to finish their projects.
- 4- Vegetarian people follow diet that includes vegetables, grains and fruits.

Name :

Date :

4) Choose the correct answer :-

Look! Ahmed(**play - is playing - are playing**) football very well. He always (**trains - train – training**) twice a week. I think it's easy to (**being - be – is**) a good footballer because he is interested in (**watch - watching - watches**) football matches on TV.

Name :

Date :

5) Do as required1- We like playing music every day.(**Make negative**)

.....

2-She always plays sport in the club.(**Ask a question**)

.....

3-We usually travel in summer .(**Make negative**)

.....

4-Sara often(**read**)English books(**Correct the verb**)

.....

Name :

Date :

6) Do as required :1- (**Surf**) the internet is a good source of information. (**Correct the verb**)

.....

2-She is practising sport now .(**Make negative**)

.....

3- We (**play**)tennis at the moment(**Correct the verb**)

.....

4-Sara is watching a nice movie now.(**Ask a question**)

.....

Listening QuizName :.....

Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:

1-The main idea of the listening text is:.....

- a- Hybrid buses
b- Old buses
c- The engine
d- California

2-The new buses are different from the old ones because

- a- they cost little money.
- b- they aren't better for the environment.
- c- they purchase the buses with grant money.
- d- they run on diesel and electric power.

3-When the engine starts up, it is powered by.....

- a- electricity
b- batteries
c- diesel
d- fuel

4-The bus drivers are with the new buses because

- a- they are cheap .
- b- they use a lot of fuel.
- c- the air smells much cleaner.
- d- the drivers smell diesel all day.

Unit two

Name :.....

Date :.....

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b , c & d

1- It's very dangerous for people to live in dark.....in the mountains.

- a) infection b) cavern c) sight d) theme**

2- Kuwait alwayspoor countries with money and food.

- a) provides b) leads c) improves d) overcomes**

3- He needs a great.....and skill to win the final match.

- a) determination** **b) obesity** **c) barrier** **d)infection**

4- If you want toa new hobby, you should practise it daily.

- a)lackb)provide c) overcomed)master**

Name :.....

Date :.....

2) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words in the list :-**(native - requires - voluntary - achieved - overcome)**

- 1- This woman spent most of her life in work.
- 2- To improve your English, you should listen to speakers.
- 3- She finally her ambition to become a wealthy woman.
- 4- Getting high marks hard work and patience.

Name :

Date :

3) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words in the list :-**(sight - infection - recently - frequently - barriers)**

- 1- Laziness is one of the biggest to success.
- 2- He had a terrible accident but Dr. managed to save her
- 3- My older sister has moved to a new house.
- 4- Lazy people neglect their works.

Name :

Date :

4) Choose the correct answer :-

I (**has - have - having**) been to Dubai since last holiday. It (**were - was - be**) a fantastic holiday. I hope to buy a new house in Dubai (**to - in order to - so that**) I can stay there for a long time. Have you ever (**be - being - been**) there?

Name :

Date :

5) Do as required

- 1- We have visited the museum. (**Make negative**)

.....

- 2- Yes, Sara has lived in Dubai. (**Ask a question**)

.....

- 3- I studied hard. I wanted to get high marks. (**Join**)

.....

- 4- Have you ever (**speak**) French? (**Correct the verb**)

.....

Name :

Date :

6) Do as required :1- Have you ever(**win**) a prize?(**Correct the verb**)

.....

2-He went to bed early. He wanted to catch the bus. (**Join : to..**)

.....

3- He plays sports daily. He wants to be fit.(**join : in order to**)

.....

4-Sara has read many English stories.(**Ask a question**)

.....

Writing 1

Keeping fit is very important. Plan and write a report of two paragraphs(**not less than 10 sentences**) about keeping fit explaining the importance of keeping fit and how to keep fit.

Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.

"Plan"

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Writing 2

There're a lot of physically challenged people in our life. Write a report of **10** sentences in two paragraphs about "**the disabled people's life and how we can help them.**"

"Write your plan here"

[illegible]

2 marks to be deducted from the total mark for changing the format
Off point planning/topic receive zero

II - Reading Comprehension :-**Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:-(234words)**

Every year many people are involved in road accidents. Some people are killed and many are injured or hurt. So, it's important to learn to use the roads **properly** and safely. No sane person would like to be involved in accidents as the roads are very busy nowadays. We should be very careful when crossing one or use overhead bridge whenever one is available. Never cross a road by dashing across it. Some of us take the bus to school. It's important that we don't try to get on or off a bus while it is still moving. I tried to get on a moving bus once. **It** dragged me a short distance and nearly ran over me. I was lucky to escape with only some scratches on my legs. A sudden lurch can send us knocking our heads against something hard.

Using a bicycle can be dangerous too. We must pay attention on the road and never cycle too far out of the middle of the road. We must make sure that our bicycles are in good condition with brakes, lights...etc.

However, there is no guarantee that we will never be involved in accidents. The important thing is to stay alert at all times while using roads. We shouldn't use the mobile phones while driving. We should use the seat belt. If we use the roads carelessly, we may never use them again.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:-

1- The most suitable title for this passage is-----.

- a) Bus accidents b) Road accidents c) Riding bicycles d) Children accidents

2- The synonym of the word "properly" in line 2 is-----.

- a) in a correct way b) in a wrong way c) carelessly d) safely

3- The underlined pronoun "It" in line 7 refers to-----.

- a) Overhead bridge b) the bus c) the bicycle d) accident

4- The main idea of the 2nd paragraph could be-----.

- a) Using bicycles safely b) crossing the roads c) crossing the bridge d) Being injured

5- What is the author's purpose in writing the 3rd paragraph?

- a) to tell people how to avoid road accidents.
b) to advise people to use the bicycle.
c) to warn people not to use the cars.
d) to complain about the bad effects of accidents.

6- Riding a bicycle can be dangerous when-----.

- a) our bicycles are in good condition. b) we cycle in the middle of the road.
c) we never cycle in the middle of the road. d) we use the roads safely.

B) Answer the following questions:-

7-How did the moving bus almost run over the writer?

.....

8-In your opinion, Why do road accidents happen?

.....

Unit Three

1	Separate	Adj.	منفصل
2	Employ	v.	يوظف
3	Wage	(n.)	أجر
4	Instead of	Nph	بدلاً من
5	Trap	(n.)	فخ
6	Drop out	Ph v	يسقط من أعلى
7	jobless	Adj.	بلا وظيفة
8	Inhale	(v.)	يستنشق
9	stingy	adj	جشع
10	Furious	(Adj.)	غاضب
11	Hearty meal	Nph	وجبة دسمة
12	Justice	(n.)	العدالة
13	Crowd	(n.)	الزحام
14	Unfair	adj	ظالم
15	Dispose of	phv	يتخلص من
16	Float	v	يطفو
17	Package	v	رزمة
18	gravity	(n.)	الجاذبية
19	casual	adj	ملابس عادية
20	specialized	adj	متخصص

1	Hire	v	يستأجر
2	Raise	v	يجمع تبرعات
3	Community	(n.)	مجتمع
4	Demote	v	ينزل درجة من رتبته
5	Harsh	adj	قاسي
6	Quit	v	يستقيل
7	wound	n	جرح
8	Compelled	adj	مجبور
9	Astonished	adj	مدهش
10	Plunge in	phv	ينغمس في/يغطس
11	Beg	v	يتوسل
12	Exceptionally	adv	بشكل استثنائي
13	Humble	adj	متواضع
14	Hardship	n	مصاعب
15	generation	n	جيل
16	Securely	adv	بشكل آمن
17	Through out	prep	أثناء/طوال
18	Tug on	phv	يشد فجأة
19	heritage	N	تراث

Unit 3

The present Perfect

He/She/It has + V3
I / We/ they/you have + V3

Keywords : already — just — recently — since — for — ever — never —

Yet with (questions & negative)

Examples:

1. Huda **has seen** that movie twenty times.
2. I **have already met** him before.
3. He **has just finished** his homework.
4. I **haven't met** Ali **yet**.
5. **Have** you **read** the book **yet**?

For يأتي بعدها مدة

- 1- They have studied **for** two hours.
- 2- Mr Refaat has lived in Egypt **for** a long time.
- 3- He has worked **for** three months in that company.

Since يأتي بعدها تاريخ / زمن محدد

- 1- He has been here **since** 9 am.
- 2- He has been working **since** he arrived.
- 3- I had lived in New York **since** my childhood.

How long.....? كم المدة

How long have you been to Paris?

*I have been to Paris **for** a year. * I have been to Paris **since** 2017.

Since منذ / **For** لمدة

since 9 o'clock / since Monday / since January / since 1997 / since yesterday / Last Week / month / year / night / Since I left school

for 20 minutes / for three days / for 6 months / for 4 years / for a long time / for ever

(Too..... to / sothat)

We use **So** + adjective + **that** + clause to express result.

example : The table was **so** heavy **that** I couldn't move it.

Last night, it was **so** hot **that** I couldn't sleep.

Too + adjective + to + V infinitive

example: The box is **too** heavy **to** carry.

The coffee is **too** hot **to** drink

Can / Can't

يأتي بعدهم فعل في المصدر

Examples : I **can** walk but I **can't** fly.

Unit:3

Name : *Date :*

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b , c & d:

1-We have to this pile of old newspaper and magazines.

a) dispose of b) cool down c) drop out d) plunge in

2-The cheered when their football star scored a goal.

a) sprinting b) regimen c) barrier d) crowd

3- The doctor told me to and exhale slowly and deeply.

a) inhale b) inspire c) require d) float

4- Everything floats on the moon because there is zero

a) gravity b) regimen c) session d) determination

Name :

Date :

2) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words in the list :-**(dropped out - jobless - inhale - stingy - furious)**

- 1- Sara liked to open the oven and the sweet smell of freshly baked cookies.
2- To my astonishment, my pens of my bag on my way to school.
3- Despite all his wealth, he is and doesn't help the poor people.
4- Hamad was with me when I broke his favourite watch.
5- My elder brother graduated from university and remained for a long time.

Name :

Date:

3) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words in the list :-**(Securely - throughout - tugged on - raise heritage - hire)**

- 6- Pearl diving was an important part of the kuwaiti
7- Make sure your seat belt is fastened before taking off.
8- The students studied hard for the test the night .
9- We are so busy this year so we need to a babysitter to care for our children.
10- The little boy his father's sleeve and pointed at the puppy in the shop window.

Name :

Date :

4) Choose the correct answer :-

James is 22 years old and he's from Germany .Recently, he (**have decided-had decided-has decided**) to study English language.He told his parents who (**had advised-has advised- have advised**)him to join a center to teach English.He already has gone there there to register his name with his father(**since-for-ago**) the morning .They've just (**arrive –arrived- arrives**)

Name :

Date :

5) Do as required

- 1- Kuwait(**build**) hundreds schools since 1912 .(correct)

- 2- Karl and James have been to U.S.A . (Negative)

3-Yes, I've tasted Italian food .

(ask)

.....

4- I am very tired. I can't get up in the morning. (use: too....to)

.....

Name :

Date :

6) Do as required

1. I (visit) my uncle to see him last week. (correct)

.....

2- Bader painted this picture last month. (Negate)

.....

3- The boy ate a delicious cake two hours ago. (Ask a question)

.....

.

4- This car is very expensive. I can't buy it. (use: so.....that)

5-She has studied English for five years. (use: since)

.....

3-COMPOSITION

Plan and write a topic of two paragraphs (10 sentences) “healthylifestyle”. The following guide words may help you.

First Idea : healthy diet

(important, balanced diet- vegetables-fruit-green tea-water-avoid fast food-fizzy drinks)

Second Idea : doing a sport regularly

(exercise daily-keep fit-flexible-walking easy-study better-types of exercise- sleep 8 hours)

Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.

"Plan"

[illegible]

2 marks to be deducted from the total mark for changing the format
Off point planning/topic receive zero

Unit 4 :

Word	P. S	Meaning	Word	P. S	Meaning
hire -ed - ed	V	استأجر	beg - begged	V	يتوسل
raise -d - d	V	يرفع - يربي	exceptionally	Adv	بشكل إستثنائي
community	N	مجتمع	humble	Adj	فقير - متواضع
demote -d -d	V	يخفض ترقية	hardship	N	صعوبة
harsh	Adj	خشن - قاسي	generation	N	جيل
quit -quit/ (ed)	V	يتوقف عن	securely	Adv	بأمان
wound	N	جرح	through out	Prep	عبر - من خلال
compelled	Adj	أجبر - مجبر	tug on- tugged	Ph. V	يشد - يجذب
astonished	Adj	مدهش	heritage	N	تراث
plunge in (ed)	Ph V	يقفز - ينز			

A-Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1-Heavy smokers should have strong will to this bad habit.

a) quit b) demote c) hire d) beg

2-Although he is one of the richest in our neighbourhood, he lives in ahouse.

a) astonished b) harsh c) compelled d) humble

3-Most of the passengers were badly injured with serious in the accident.

a) communities b) hardships c) generations d) wounds

4- All in a sudden the duckswater.

a) dropped out b) disposed of c) tugged on d) plunged in

B-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(exceptionally – securely – hire – demote – begged)

5-He used to a small flat when he travelled to London.

6- After shouting at his little sister's face, hehis mother to forgive him.

7- The artist got an award because his drawings areamazing.

8- Tins shouldsealed to avoid any damage.

Unit 4**1-The Past Simple Tense:****Form : (V.2)**

We have two types of the verbs:

a) regular أفعال عادية end with (**ed or d**).**b) irregular** أفعال غير عادية have different shapes**Keywords :****(Yesterday – last – ago)****Examples :**1- I **bought** a new house yesterday.2- She **travelled** to London last year.3- We **went** to the beach two days ago.**Negative :**

عند النفي نستخدم

1- I **didn't buy** a new house yesterday.2- She **didn't travel** to London last year.3- We **didn't go** to the beach two days ago.4- They **didn't run** very quickly to catch the thief.**Note:** did not= didn't**2-Past Simple : Questions****Wh – Questions:**

Examples :

A) **Where did you go last week ?**

B) I went to the club .

A) **What did you do yesterday ?**

B) I studied my lessons.

Yes / No questions :A) **Did you enjoy your journey ?**

B) Yes , I did .

A) **Did Nora win the competition ?**

B) No , she didn't .

The Past simple passiveExamples:

1- My mother baked a delicious cake for us.

S V O C

2- I bought some new clothes for the kids.

S V O C

* Some new clothes **were** bought for the kids.

O past participle

O + (was / were) + past participle + by + S + ...

Name :

Date :

EX. Change into passive:

1- They built some new buildings for the poor.

.....

2- Dr. Ali carried out many successful operations.

.....

3- I sent a message to Heba yesterday.

.....

4- Aisha cooked a delicious dish for us.

.....

5- My sister read a lot of stories last week.

.....

The Past ContinuousSentencesAffirmative:

i. Sara **was** cooking. Sara **wasn't** cooking

ii. They **were** playing. They **weren't** playing
was , **were** Verb + **ing** verb + **ing**
Wasn't / **weren't** + **v+ing**

Negative :When and While

When past Simple past continuous →

past continuous **when** past Simple →

While past continuous past simple →

past simple **while** past continuous →

Examples :

1- **When** father came back, they were watching TV

He was painting a picture **when** father came back

2- **While** they were watching TV, father came back.

-Father came back **while** he was painting a picture.

Name :

Date :

A-Choose the correct answer:

When I got up this morning, my mother(was making – were making – making) our breakfast. Dad(were reading – was reading – is reading) the newspaper. My little brothers(was sleeping – are sleeping – were sleeping). Everybody (was doing – were doing – doing) different things at that time of the day.

B-Do as shown between brackets:

1-Maher was washing his car at 4:00 yesterday.His baby cried suddenly . (use:when)

.....

2-We were visiting the USA. (Make negative)

.....

3- Maha was travelling to London.She remembered to call her family . (use :while)

.....

4-Ali was meeting his cousin in the mosque. (Ask a question)

.....

4-COMPOSITION

Plan and write a topic of two paragraphs (10 sentences) (Space)

Why astronauts travel into space

first Idea : astronaut ,live/shuttle / life- camping/ take you need/ special equipment/ rubbish

how to live in space

second idea: food tins dried/drink straw/no chairs/things float-zero gravity/ special suit/
parachutes oxygen/would like astronaut /interesting.

Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.
"Plan"

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32

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

It is hard to imagine how certain products were invented. It turns out many of society's most well-known inventions were simply mistakes made by scientists trying to invent. No one could ever imagine that the flavoured potato chips and the morning best preferred breakfast, cornflakes, were accidentally introduced to the world's kitchen.

Potato chips were first meant to be a plate of fried potato. It was invented by George Crum, a chef at the Carey Moon Lake House. How was it created? One day a customer sent back his plate of potatoes many times and kept asking for them to be more fried and thinner. Crum lost his temper, sliced the potatoes **extremely** thin and fried them until they were hard as a rock.

To the chef's surprise, the customer loved them and wanted more!

Corn flakes were invented by the Kellogg brothers, John and Will. They were trying to make pots of boiled grain. How was it created? The brothers accidentally left a pot of grain on the stove for several days. The mixture turned bad but there was something that was dry and thick. Through experimentation **they** removed the bad part and created corn flakes. Wouldn't it be nice if you could invent something by mistake?

A)-Choose the best answers from a, b, c and d: (4 X 2½ = 10 marks)

24. The most suitable title for the passage is
a) Potato Chips b) Chefs and scientists c) Accidental Discoveries d) Morning Breakfast
25. The underlined word "**extremely**" in line 8 means
a) very b) strangely c) accidentally d) alternatively
26. The underlined pronoun **they** in the third paragraph refers to
a) corn flakes b) Kellogg brothers c) pots of grains d) several days
27. The main idea of the last paragraph could be
a) life of the Kellogg brothers b) experimenting mixtures
c) cooking grains d) how corn flakes were made

B)-Answer the following questions : (4 X 2½ = 10)

28. How were some products invented?
.....
29. Why did chef, George Crum, get angry?
.....
30. Who invented corn flakes?
.....
31. What happened to the grains left on the stove after several days?
.....