

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



مدرسة التميز النموذجية

الملف بنك أسئلة مدرسة التميز النموذجية

[موقع المناهج](#) ⇨ [المناهج الكويتية](#) ⇨ [الصف السابع](#) ⇨ [لغة انجليزية](#) ⇨ [الفصل الثاني](#)

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السابع



روابط مواد الصف السابع على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

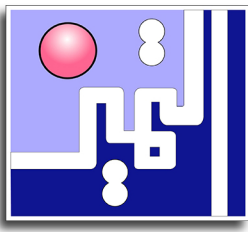
[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السابع والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

مذكرة للوحدات من (الوحدة السابعة وحتى الثانية عشر)	1
القواعد المقررة في اللغة الانكليزية الفترة الثانية	2
كلمات الاملاء كاملة	3
حل الكتاب الغير ملون	4
مواضيع	5



مدرسة التميز النموذجية
(ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي)

بنك الأسئلة

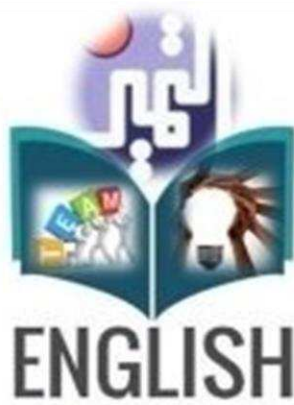
اللغة الانجليزية

الصف السابع



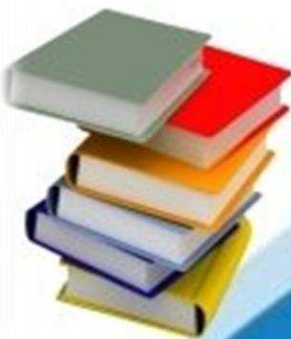
2024 / 2023

الفصل الدراسي الثاني



موقع
المنهج الكويتية
almanahj.com/ku

مدرسة التميز النموذجية
قسم اللغة الإنجليزية
بنك أسئلة التوجيه الفني للغة الإنجليزية
الصف السابع



Unit 7

trade/ trading		cheerfully	
privileged		chariot	
rather		take place	
preserve		rule	
realize		cultural	
endangered		instrument	
cultivation		include	
restore		calligraphy	
ancient		curiously	
gladiator			

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. Some animals are taken to the zoo to be saved.
a. endangered b. ancient c. cultural d. privileged
2. Refrigerators are used to different kinds of vegetables and fruits.
a. realize b. preserve c. rule d. restore
3. The bill for your stay in the hotel..... breakfast and dinner.
a. preserves b. rules c. realizes d. includes
4. Our grandfathers used to travel to India to many kinds of spices.
a. restore b. include c. trade d. realize
5. The land in this area is so rocky so it is not suitable for
a. cultivation b. gladiator c. chariot d. instrument

B-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(cultural - ancient - cheerfully - curiously - rather)

1. Children watch Disney cartoons as they are funny.
2. You can enjoy the opera in Sheikh Jaber Al-Ahmed Centre.
3. Muslim astronomers studied the stars to make new discoveries.
4. It's said that they are looking for a treasure under the building.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Wright Brothers the first plane in 1903.
a. are flying b. fly c. are flying d. flew
2. While they , it started to rain heavily.
a. were walking b. walk c. are walking d. have walked
3. We meet our friends last week because we had exams.
a. haven't b. didn't c. don't d. aren't
4. My father used to in a big hospital before he travelled abroad.
a. working b. work c. works d. walked

B. Do as shown between brackets:

1. It was raining when they (go) outside. (Correct the verb)
.....
2. While I (repair) my truck, the telephone rang. (Correct the verb)
.....
3. I visited a Nature Reserve last week. (Ask a question)
.....
4. People used to travel on camels long time ago. (Make negative)
.....

Unit 8

hardworking		public	
rarely		park ranger	
hidden		biologist	
dig up		runway	
sow		staff	
value		luggage	
earn		passport	
queue		aisle	
perform		agent	
behaviour		boarding pass	

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. People had to..... for hours to get the tickets for the final match.
a. value b. perform c. earn d. queue
2. Our English teacher rewarded all thestudents in my class.
a. hardworking b. hidden c. public d. ancient
3. Before going to the airport, make sure that you take your
a. aisle b. passport c. behaviour d. includes
4. The players had to well to help their team win the match.
a. value b. perform c. earn d. queue
5. My cousin and I are not good friends. Weagree on anything.
a. curiously b. cheerfully c. rarely d. rather
6. There were microphones in the room to record their conversation.
a. privileged b. ancient c. public d. hidden

B-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(staff – sow – biologist – earn – agent)

1. People work hard to money and improve their living.
2. Farmers should water the seeds after they them in the fields.
3. We enjoyed our stay in this hotel because of good service and friendly
4. If you want to be a/an, you should know about animals and plants.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. Peoplesmoke in hospitals. It is not allowed.
a. should b. must c. mustn't d. have to
2. We have to pay when we visit the museum. It's free.
a. aren't b. doesn't c. don't d. haven't
3. An animal trainerwork in an office or use a computer.
a. should b. don't have to c. doesn't have to d. shouldn't
4. It's dinner time. She turn off the TV and come to the table.
a. shouldn't b. mustn't c. doesn't have to d. has to

B. Do as shown between brackets:

1. She has to iron the clothes every day. (Make negative)
.....
2. Students have to wear school uniform. (Form a question)
.....
3. A doctor has to use a computer in the hospital. (Form a question)
.....

Unit 9

profile		Nobel Prize	
composer		contribute	
generous		faculty	
imaginative		voyage	
selfish		theory	
organize		citizen	
cabinet		admire	
regularly		achievement	
sweep		quote	
laundry			

I. Reading / VocabularyA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. My cousin was born in Germany, but now he is a French

- a. faculty b. voyage c. citizen d. cabinet

2. My brother is honest, polite and kind; all our familyhim.

- a. quote b. admire c. organize d. contribute

3. I am going on a seanext week. I wish the weather would be nice.

- a. laundry b. faculty c. theory d. voyage

4. My brother wrote a/ an story about life in the future.

- a. imaginative b. selfish c. generous d. hidden

5. He can play different musical instruments. He wants to be a

- a. biologist b. park ranger c. composer d. gladiator

B-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(selfish - contribute – generous - organize - quote)

1. I regularly help my mother everything in our house.
2. Our neighbour is very; he always helps poor people.
3. Every player has to so that the team will win the match.
4. The player was because he didn't let other players take turn.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. He enjoys living in Paris. He lives there.
a. happily b. happy c. happier d. happiness
2. My brother is three years old. He have to go to school.
a. hasn't b. doesn't c. shouldn't d. didn't
3. You sleep too much. Eight-hours sleep is fair enough.
a. haven't b. don't c. shouldn't d. didn't
4. I have to take the bus to school because my dad drove me.
a. haven't b. don't c. shouldn't d. didn't

B. Do as shown between brackets:

1. My brother had to do the ironing. (Make negative)
.....
2. My sister is a careful writer. She writes (Add an adverb)
.....
3. I had to help my mother in organizing kitchen cabinets. (Form a question)
.....

Unit 10

silver		brilliant	
ambitious		mausoleum	
repair		concert	
engine		population	
submarine		impatiently	
quality		seagull	
issue		fascinated	
film		create	
neatly			

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. Have you read the last of our school magazine?

- a. mausoleum b. repair c. issue d. quality

2. We are waiting for the plane to land at the airport.

- a. impatiently b. neatly c. regularly d. rarely

3. My sister is very; she can solve difficult math problems.

- a. ambitious b. brilliant c. fascinated d. selfish

4. I enjoyed listening to classic music which was played in the yesterday.

- a. engine b. concert c. seagull d. quality

5. People are by the decorated streets and buildings in Hala February.

- a. fascinated b. brilliant c. ambitious d. imaginative

6. My brother a movie about sea animals using his video camera.

- a. quoted b. swept c. organised d. created

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(film – repair – population – create - engine)

1. The of Kuwait is about four million and is growing yearly.
2. Building new factories will more jobs and improve life quality
3. My father needs to check his car because the is overheating.
4. I bought a new modern camera to the important family occasions.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. This is the café I usually meet my friends.
a. where b. who c. when d. which
2. I will travel with my family to London Sunday.
a) in b) on c) at d) of
3. Last year we wenttrain across Eastern Europe.
a) of b) on c) by d) in
4. Sara Akbar is the Kuwaiti engineer received the “Global 500” award.
a) who b) where c) when d) which

B. Do as shown between brackets:

5. My brother works in a big hospital. It was built in 1997. (Use: which)
.....
6. This is my cousin. He won the first prize in running. (Use: who)
.....
7. Spring is the time (Complete using: when)
.....

Unit 11

valley		reduce	
steep		pollution	
cautiously		gadget	
mayor		container	
pump		several	
operate		renewable	
attach		coal	
flow up		tiny	
recycle		deposit	
impact		solar	
powerfully		windmill	

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. To.....this machine, you should read the manual carefully.

- a. flow up b. recycle c. reduce d. operate

2. It's important to drive your car.....in rainy weather to avoid accidents.

- a. powerfully b. cautiously c. impatiently d. neatly

3. People had to walk up the hill carrying water for their vegetables.

- a. renewable b. tiny c. solar d. steep

4. is one of the most dangerous problems that we face today.

- a. Container b. Pollution c. Mayor d. Gadget

5. You should keep your food in closed to keep it fresh and tasty.

- a. pumps b. containers c. deposits d. gadgets

6. is a non-renewable source of energy which is found underground.

- a. Coal b. Container c. Pump d. Windmill

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(pollution - mayor - solar – attach - reduce)

1. Can you help me? I would like to a file to my email.
2. It's better to used materials to save our environment.
3. Heavy traffic is a major source of noise in crowded cities.
4. Last year my uncle was chosen the by a lot of people in the city.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. My brother is a hardworking student, ?
a) does he b) doesn't he c) is he d) isn't he
2. You will remember my birthday, ?
a) won't you b) don't you c) do you d) will you
3. I do exercises this afternoon in the gym.
a) am going b) am going to c) going d) go
4. They are not going to a new car. The old one is fine.
a) is buying b) bought c) buying d) buy

II. GrammarB. Do as shown between brackets:

1. The police took the thieves to prison yesterday. (Make Passive)
.....
2. We are going to meet my cousin at the theatre. (Form a question)
.....
3. You won't forget your school bag,?. (Tag question)
.....

Unit 12

prominent		environmental	
publication		polar	
calendar		icecap	
honour		coast	
reward		enormous	
idiom		rise	
heavily		homeless	
degree		download	
prediction		recall	
forecast		disaster	
		hurricane	

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. You can a lot of books and stories from the Internet.

- a. forecast b. recall c. download d. rise

2. Pollution is a/anproblem which affects people's health.

- a. environmental b. ancient c. cultural d. privileged

3. Scientists who have great achievements should be and rewarded

- a. recalled b. honoured c. included d. restored

4. They live in a/an house with 12 rooms and wide garden.

- a. homeless b. cultural c. enormous d. several

5. We need to listen to the weather to know if we can travel tomorrow.

- a. forecast b. degree c. disaster d. calendar

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(homeless – disaster – calendars – idioms – polar)

1. Because of the latest floods in India, a lot of people became
2. Al-Aujairy had published wall, pocket diaries and office diaries.
3. The circus show ended in a when the tent fell on people last week.
4. The ice in the icecaps is turning into water because of global warming.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Tomorrow is Sunday, I definitely go to school.
a) will b) may c) should d) can't
2. I go to the cinema at the weekend, I'm not sure.
a) will b) may c) should d) can't
3. I'm interested in music I'll have a wonderful music collection.
a) or b) so c) because d) but
4. We travel to the UAE next week because we have exams.
a) won't b) will c) could d) couldn't

II. GrammarB. Do as shown between brackets:

1. My parents will buy a new car next month. (Form a question)
.....
2. There will be heavy rain and thunder tomorrow. (Make negative)
.....
3. I'll be an Arabic teacher. It's my favourite subject. (Join: because)
.....

Reading comprehension / 1

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Children and adults are alike. They enjoy flying a kite on a windy day. However, kites are not always the bright and pretty toys we think of today. Kites started as tools for war. The Chinese flew kites around 3,000 years ago. **They** used them to get information and send messages.

Since then, kites have become more than just pieces of flying art. They have played significant roles in discoveries. Perhaps the best-known use of a kite was in a scientific experiment described by Benjamin Franklin in 1752. Franklin hoped to prove the connection between lightning and electricity. Another important use of kites was by the Wright brothers in the early 1900s. They used kites to test their ideas about flying, which helped them invent the world's first aeroplane.

Even now, kites are still an essential part of religious and cultural celebrations, and they have become a part of festivals around the world. The planes that allow us to travel worldwide have all **descended** from the simple kite. They all have the same basic idea.

a) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer: :(6 X2 = 12 Marks)

9. The **best title** for the passage is :

- a) A windy Day
- b) The History of Kites
- c) Scientific Experiments
- d) Religious Celebration

10. The meaning of the underlined word "**descended**" in the **3rd** paragraph is:

- a) flew
- b) came
- c) helped
- d) enjoyed

11. The underlined pronoun "**they**" in the **1st** paragraph refers to:

- a) tools
- b) years
- c) kites
- d) the Chinese



12. According to the passage, all the following sentences are **TRUE** except:

- a) Kites helped to invent cars.
- b) Kites were first used as tools for war.
- c) Kites are used in scientific experiments
- d) Kites are used in some cultural celebrations.

13. Franklin used kites in 1752:

- a) because they are bright and pretty toys.
- b) because kites are an important part of religious celebration
- c) to prove the connection between lightning and electricity.
- d) to test his ideas about flying and invent the world's first aeroplane.

14. The **purpose of the writer** in writing this passage is to:

- a) advise us to buy kites for children.
- b) suggest new ways to celebrate a festival.
- c) encourage the readers to use kites in the festivals.
- d) tell the readers some information about kites.

b) Answer the following questions:

15. When did the Chinese fly kites?

.....

16. How are the planes similar to kites?

.....

I. Reading comprehension/2

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Nine thousand years ago, people did not have money. They traded animals and crops for things **they** wanted. In China, in about 1200 B.C., people traded shells for the things they wanted. Chinese people also traded metal tools, such as metal knives and shovels for the things they wanted.

Later in China, people made metal money. In about 100 B.C., the Chinese made money of animal skin. The first paper money was made from white coloured deer skin. It came from China about 900 years later. In about 700 B.C., people made the first round metal coins. The coins were made of gold and silver. They looked very **similar** to the coins we use today.

Coins came from Lydia. Lydia was located where the country called Turkey is located today. After people made coins in Lydia, people in Rome, Iran, and Greece also began making coins. Coins were very strong and could last a long time without becoming damaged. Money changes with time. No matter what it looks like, money means buying things. Money makes trading easier.

a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (6 x 2 = 12 Marks)

9. What is the **main idea** of the **3rd** paragraph?

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| a. Making paper money | b. Making metal coins |
| c. Knives and shovels in the past | d. Easy trading in countries |

10. The opposite of the underlined word “ **similar** ” in the 2nd paragraph, is :

- | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| a. enormous | b. different | c. friendly | d. original |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|

11. The underlined word "**they** " in the 1st paragraph, refers to :

- a. things
- b. crops
- c. knives
- d. people

12. The first metal coins came from:

- a. Greece
- b. Rome
- c. Lydia
- d. Iran

13. The metal coins were strong because they were made of:

- a. gold and silver
- b. animal skin
- c. metal tools
- d. sea shells

14. What is the **writer's purpose** of writing this passage?

- a. To give us information about other countries
- b. To tell us about the history of money
- c. To explain the importance of trading
- d. To advise us to spend money wisely

b) Answer the following questions:

15. How did people get what they wanted before making money?

.....

16. Why wasn't the first paper money strong enough?

.....

Writing/1

Write on the following topic:

“Old people often say that life was better than nowadays.”

Plan and write two paragraphs, (10 sentences), **comparing life in the past and nowadays**. The following guide words might help you:

(simple / dark / lived / mud / easily / technology / modern / transport)

NB: (Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting ideas and a conclusion)

موقع
المنهج الكويتية
almanahj.com/kw

```
graph TD; A[ ] --- B[Paragraph 1]; A --- C[Paragraph 2]; B --- D[ ]; B --- E[ ]; B --- F[ ]; C --- G[ ]; C --- H[ ]; C --- I[ ]
```

Write your topic here

موقع
المنهج الكويتية
almanahj.com/kw

Planning (2)	Exposition of ideas & Coherence (6)	Paragraphing & Numbers of sentences (2)	Grammar (2)	Spelling (2)	Handwriting (2)	Punctuation (2)	Total Mark (18)

Writing/2

Write on the following topic:

"Without energy life would stop."

Plan and write two paragraphs, (10 sentences), about **different sources of energy and how we can save it**. The following guide words might help you:

(renewable / solar / reduce / turn off / saving light bulb / / small cars / recycle / regularly)

NB: (Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting ideas and a conclusion)

```
graph TD; Topic[ ] --- P1[Paragraph 1]; Topic --- P2[Paragraph 2]; P1 --- TS1[.....]; P1 --- S1[ ]; P1 --- S2[ ]; P1 --- S3[ ]; P2 --- TS2[.....]; P2 --- S4[ ]; P2 --- S5[ ]; P2 --- S6[ ]
```

Write your topic here


 موقع
 المناهج الكويتية
 almanahj.com/kw

Planning (2)	Exposition of ideas & Coherence (6)	Paragraphing & Numbers of sentences (2)	Grammar (2)	Spelling (2)	Handwriting (2)	Punctuation (2)	Total Mark (18)

وزارة التربية
الإدارة العامة للتعليم الخاص
التوجيه الفني للغة الانجليزية
امتحان التجريبي - الصف السابع - نهاية الفترة الدراسية الثانية - العام الدراسي 2022/2023
المجال الدراسي : اللغة الإنجليزية الزمن : ساعتين
القراءة : المفردات - الاستيعاب المقروء / الكتابة : القواعد - التعبير الكتابي

I. READING (30 MARKS)

A) Vocabulary (14 Marks)

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (4 × 2 =8 Marks)

01- To be an ideal passenger, you should label your carefully.

- a) deposit b) instrument c) luggage d) hurricane

02- It's important to drive your car.....in rainy weather to avoid accidents.

- a) impatiently b) powerfully c) cautiously d) regularly

03- It's better to use energy because it's clean and saves energy.

- a) selfish b) solar c) brilliant d) environmental

04- A good citizen shouldto the welfare of his own country.

- a) rule b) queue c) contribute d) admire

B- Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list: (4 × 1½ = 6 Marks)

(preserve– rarely – recycle – neatly– reward)

05- It's better to used materials to save our environment.

06- Refrigerators are used to different kinds of vegetables and fruits.

07- In summer, the temperature goes under 30 and it is always hot.

08- In big supermarkets, it is easy to find what you want as everything is
organized

B) Reading Comprehension (16 Marks)**Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:**

Plants and animals need to survive in our wild world. How do they do it? There are many ways for plants and animals to live in our world.

The body or skin of some animals is similar in colour to the land around them. Some animals are brown just like the colour of trees so other animals and hunters cannot see them. Some animals can really change colours to match the place around them. Rabbits are a great example of this. Some rabbits' fur will change colours in different seasons. **They** are brown in the spring, summer, and autumn to match the trees. They become white in the winter when there is snow. This way the rabbit is safer from wild animals and hunters the whole year.

Plants survive in deserts, forests, and the Arctic. Desert plants collect, **store**, and save water for long time. Some plants have roots that get water very quickly. The water is saved in the centre of the plant. Other plants make chemicals that keep insects and animals from eating them. The poison stops the seeds of other plants from growing. It may even kill other plants that are already growing. Some plants make poisons that can kill a person. (205 words)

a-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (6 × 2 = 12 Marks)

9. What is the best title for this text?

a. Living in Winter

b. Surviving in the Wild

c. Making good Chemicals

d. Hunting Wild Animal

10. What is the meaning of the underlined word "**store**" in the **3rd** paragraph?

a. study

b. keep

c. give

d. feed

11. The underlined word "**They**" in the **2nd** paragraph refers to:

- a. colours
- b. plants
- c. rabbits
- d. seasons

12. How do plants survive in the desert?

- a. They keep the seeds from growing.
- b. They keep water away from insects.
- c. They change colour in summer and in winter.
- d. They store and save water for long periods.



13. All the following sentences are **TRUE EXCEPT**:

- a. Some plants have roots that get water very fast.
- b. Plants store water in the center of the plant.
- c. All plants make poisons that can kill a person.
- d. Chemicals keep insects and animals from eating plants.

14. The **purpose of the writer** in this passage is to tell us:

- a. how tall trees grow fast in winter.
- b. how plants make a lot of chemicals.
- c. how rabbits live and eat in winter only.
- d. how animals and plants face dangers of life.

b- Answer the following questions, according to the passage: (2 × 2 = 4 Marks)

15. How can rabbits stay safe in winter?

.....

16. Why shouldn't we eat plants that we do not know?

.....

II. WRITING (30 MARKS)

A) Grammar (12 Marks)

a- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (4 × 2 = 8 Marks)

17. I'm looking my keys. Have you seen them?

- a) to b) at c) for d) in

18. My mother buy a new computer last week.

- a) hasn't b) isn't c) doesn't d) didn't

19. I used to too much fast food, now I eat healthy food.

- a) ate b) will eat c) eat d) eating

20. Paul study hard for his science exams. He isn't good at science.

- a) mustn't b) doesn't have to c) has to d) can

B- Do as required in brackets: (2 × 2 = 4 Marks)

21. My mother cut the bread with a big knife. (Make Passive)

.....

22. Mum threw away all the old things. She didn't need them. (Use: which)

.....

B) Writing (18 Marks)

“Scientists now agree that the world’s climate is changing.”

Plan and write a two-paragraph report (not less than 8 sentences) describing some changes that will happen in the future, problems and solutions. You can use the following guide words:

(rise – temperature – glaciers – melt – floods - farm lands – disappear – protect - environment)

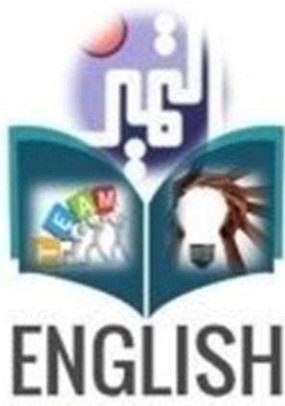
*** Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.**

```
graph TD; Topic[ ] --- P1[Paragraph 1]; Topic --- P2[Paragraph 2]; P1 --- TS1[.....]; P1 --- D1[ ]; P1 --- D2[ ]; P1 --- D3[ ]; P2 --- TS2[.....]; P2 --- D4[ ]; P2 --- D5[ ]; P2 --- D6[ ]
```

Write your topic here (16 marks)

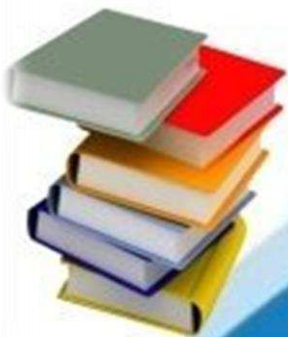


Planning (2)	Exposition of ideas & Coherence (6)	Paragraphing & Numbers of sentences (2)	Grammar (2)	Spelling (2)	Handwriting (2)	Punctuation (2)	Total Mark (18)



موقع
المناهج الكويتية
almanahj.com/kw

Model Answer + Mock Exam



Unit 7

trade/ trading		cheerfully	
privileged		chariot	
rather		take place	
preserve		rule	
realize		cultural	
endangered		instrument	
cultivation		include	
restore		calligraphy	
ancient		curiously	
gladiator			

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- Some animals are taken to the zoo to be saved.
a. **endangered** b. ancient c. cultural d. privileged
- Refrigerators are used to different kinds of vegetables and fruits.
a. realize b. **preserve** c. rule d. restore
- The bill for your stay in the hotel..... breakfast and dinner.
a. preserves b. rules c. realizes d. **includes**
- Our grandfathers used to travel to India to many kinds of spices.
a. restore b. include c. **trade** d. realize
- The land in this area is so rocky so it is not suitable for
a. **cultivation** b. gladiator c. chariot d. instrument

B-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(cultural - ancient - cheerfully - curiously - rather)

1. Children watch Disney cartoons **cheerfully** as they are funny.
2. You can enjoy the opera in Sheikh Jaber Al-Ahmed **cultural** Centre.
3. Muslim astronomers studied the stars **curiously** to make new discoveries.
4. It's said that they are looking for a treasure under the **ancient** building.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Wright Brothers the first plane in 1903.
a. are flying b. fly c. are flying d. **flew**
2. While they , it started to rain heavily.
a. **were walking** b. walk c. are walking d. have walked
3. We meet our friends last week because we had exams.
a. haven't b. **didn't** c. don't d. aren't
4. My father used to in a big hospital before he travelled abroad.
a. working b. **work** c. works d. walked

B. Do as shown between brackets:

1. It was raining when they (go) outside. (Correct the verb)
It was raining when they went outside.
2. While I (repair) my truck, the telephone rang. (Correct the verb)
While I was repairing my truck, the telephone rang.
3. I visited a Nature Reserve last week. (Ask a question)
What did you do last week? Where did you go last week?
4. People used to travel on camels long time ago. (Make negative)
People didn't use to travel on camels long time ago.

Unit 8

hardworking		public	
rarely		park ranger	
hidden		biologist	
dig up		runway	
sow		staff	
value		luggage	
earn		passport	
queue		aisle	
perform		agent	
behaviour		boarding pass	

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- People had to..... for hours to get the tickets for the final match.
a. value b. perform c. earn d. **queue**
- Our English teacher rewarded all thestudents in my class.
a. **hardworking** b. hidden c. public d. ancient
- Before going to the airport, make sure that you take your
a. aisle b. **passport** c. behaviour d. includes
- The players had to well to help their team win the match.
a. value b. **perform** c. earn d. queue
- My cousin and I are not good friends. Weagree on anything.
a. curiously b. cheerfully c. **rarely** d. rather
- There were microphones in the room to record their conversation.
a. privileged b. ancient c. public d. **hidden**

B-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(staff – sow – biologist – earn - agent)

1. People work hard to **earn** money and improve their living.
2. Farmers should water the seeds after they **sow** them in the fields.
3. We enjoyed our stay in this hotel because of good service and friendly **staff**.
4. If you want to be a/an **biologist**, you should know about animals and plants.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. Peoplesmoke in hospitals. It is not allowed.
a. should b. must c. **mustn't** d. have to
2. We have to pay when we visit the museum. It's free.
a. aren't b. doesn't c. **don't** d. haven't
3. An animal trainerwork in an office or use a computer.
a. should b. don't have to c. **doesn't have to** d. shouldn't
4. It's dinner time. She turn off the TV and come to the table.
a. shouldn't b. mustn't c. doesn't have to d. **has to**

B. Do as shown between brackets:

1. She has to iron the clothes every day. (Make negative)

She doesn't have to iron the clothes every day.

2. Students have to wear school uniform. (Form a question)

What do students have to wear?

3. A doctor has to use a computer in the hospital. (Form a question)

What does a doctor **have** to use at the hospital?

Unit 9

profile		Nobel Prize	
composer		contribute	
generous		faculty	
imaginative		voyage	
selfish		theory	
organize		citizen	
cabinet		admire	
regularly		achievement	
sweep		quote	
laundry			

I. Reading / VocabularyA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. My cousin was born in Germany, but now he is a French

- a. faculty b. voyage c. **citizen** d. cabinet

2. My brother is honest, polite and kind; all our familyhim.

- a. quote b. **admire** c. organize d. contribute

3. I am going on a seanext week. I wish the weather would be nice.

- a. laundry b. faculty c. theory d. **voyage**

4. My brother wrote a/ an story about life in the future.

- a. **imaginative** b. selfish c. generous d. hidden

5. He can play different musical instruments. He wants to be a

- a. biologist b. park ranger c. **composer** d. gladiator

B-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(selfish - contribute – generous - organize - quote)

1. I regularly help my mother **organize** everything in our house.
2. Our neighbour is very **generous**; he always helps poor people.
3. Every player has to **contribute** so that the team will win the match.
4. The player was **selfish** because he didn't let other players take turn.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. He enjoys living in Paris. He lives there.
a. **happily** b. happy c. happier d. happiness
2. My brother is three years old. He have to go to school.
a. hasn't b. **doesn't** c. shouldn't d. didn't
3. You sleep too much. Eight-hours sleep is fair enough.
a. haven't b. don't c. **shouldn't** d. didn't
4. I have to take the bus to school because my dad drove me.
a. haven't b. don't c. shouldn't d. **didn't**

B. Do as shown between brackets:

1. My brother had to do the ironing. (Make negative)
My brother didn't have to do the ironing.
2. My sister is a careful writer. She writes (Add an adverb)
My sister is a careful writer. She writes carefully.
3. I had to help my mother in organizing kitchen cabinets. (Form a question)
What did you have to do?

Unit 10

silver		brilliant	
ambitious		mausoleum	
repair		concert	
engine		population	
submarine		impatiently	
quality		seagull	
issue		fascinated	
film		create	
neatly			

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. Have you read the last of our school magazine?

- a. mausoleum b. repair c. **issue** d. quality

2. We are waiting for the plane to land at the airport.

- a. **impatiently** b. neatly c. regularly d. rarely

3. My sister is very; she can solve difficult math problems.

- a. ambitious b. **brilliant** c. fascinated d. selfish

4. I enjoyed listening to classic music which was played in the yesterday.

- a. engine b. **concert** c. seagull d. quality

5. People are by the decorated streets and buildings in Hala February.

- a. **fascinated** b. brilliant c. ambitious d. imaginative

6. My brother a movie about sea animals using his video camera.

- a. quoted b. swept c. organised d. **created**

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(film – repair – population – create - engine)

1. The **population** of Kuwait is about four million and is growing yearly.
2. Building new factories will **create** more jobs and improve life quality
3. My father needs to check his car because the **engine** is overheating.
4. I bought a new modern camera to **film** the important family occasions.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. This is the café I usually meet my friends.
a. **where** b. who c. when d. which
2. I will travel with my family to London Sunday.
a) in b) **on** c) at d) of
3. Last year we wenttrain across Eastern Europe.
a) of b) on c) **by** d) in
4. Sara Akbar is the Kuwaiti engineer received the “Global 500” award.
a) **who** b) where c) when d) which

B. Do as shown between brackets:

5. My brother works in a big hospital. It was built in 1997. (Use: which)

My brother works in a big hospital which was built in 1997.

6. This is my cousin. He won the first prize in running. (Use: who)

This is my cousin who won the first prize in running.

7. Spring is the time (Complete using: when)

Spring is the time when you can see flowers everywhere.

Unit 11

valley		reduce	
steep		pollution	
cautiously		gadget	
mayor		container	
pump		several	
operate		renewable	
attach		coal	
flow up		tiny	
recycle		deposit	
impact		solar	
powerfully		windmill	

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. To.....this machine, you should read the manual carefully.

- a. flow up b. recycle c. reduce d. **operate**

2. It's important to drive your car.....in rainy weather to avoid accidents.

- a. powerfully b. **cautiously** c. impatiently d. neatly

3. People had to walk up the hill carrying water for their vegetables.

- a. renewable b. tiny c. solar d. **steep**

4. is one of the most dangerous problems that we face today.

- a. Container b. **Pollution** c. Mayor d. Gadget

5. You should keep your food in closed to keep it fresh and tasty.

- a. pumps b. **containers** c. deposits d. gadgets

6. is a non-renewable source of energy which is found underground.

- a. **Coal** b. Container c. Pump d. Windmill

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(pollution - mayor - solar – attach - reduce)

1. Can you help me? I would like to **attach** a file to my email.
2. It's better to **recycle** used materials to save our environment.
3. Heavy traffic is a major source of noise **pollution** in crowded cities.
4. Last year my uncle was chosen the **mayor** by a lot of people in the city.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. My brother is a hardworking student, ?
a) does he b) doesn't he c) is he d) **isn't he**
2. You will remember my birthday, ?
a) **won't you** b) don't you c) do you d) will you
3. I do exercises this afternoon in the gym.
a) am going b) **am going to** c) going d) **go**
4. They are not going to a new car. The old one is fine.
a) is buying b) bought c) buying d) **buy**

II. GrammarB. Do as shown between brackets:

1. The police took the thieves to prison yesterday. (Make Passive)

The thieves were taken to prison yesterday.

2. We are going to meet my cousin at the theatre. (Form a question)

Where are you going to meet your cousin?

3. You won't forget your school bag,?. (Tag question)

You won't forget your school bag, will you?

Unit 12

prominent		environmental	
publication		polar	
calendar		icecap	
honour		coast	
reward		enormous	
idiom		rise	
heavily		homeless	
degree		download	
prediction		recall	
forecast		disaster	
		hurricane	

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. You can a lot of books and stories from the Internet.

- a. forecast b. recall c. **download** d. rise

2. Pollution is a/anproblem which affects people's health.

- a. **environmental** b. ancient c. cultural d. privileged

3. Scientists who have great achievements should be and rewarded

- a. recalled b. **honoured** c. included d. restored

4. They live in a/an house with 12 rooms and wide garden.

- a. homeless b. cultural c. **enormous** d. several

5. We need to listen to the weather to know if we can travel tomorrow.

- a. **forecast** b. degree c. disaster d. calendar

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(homeless – disaster – calendars – idioms - polar)

1. Because of the latest floods in India, a lot of people became **homeless**.
2. Al-Aujairy had published wall **calendars**, pocket diaries and office diaries.
3. The circus show ended in a **disaster** when the tent fell on people last week.
4. The ice in the **polar** icecaps is turning into water because of global warming.

II. GrammarA. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Tomorrow is Sunday, I definitely go to school.
a) **will** b) may c) should d) can't
2. I go to the cinema at the weekend, I'm not sure.
a) will b) **may** c) should d) can't
3. I'm interested in music I'll have a wonderful music collection.
a) or b) **so** c) because d) but
4. We travel to the UAE next week because we have exams.
a) **won't** b) will c) could d) couldn't

II. GrammarB. Do as shown between brackets:

1. My parents will buy a new car next month. (Form a question)
When will your parents buy a new car?
2. There will be heavy rain and thunder tomorrow. (Make negative)
There won't be heavy rain and thunder tomorrow.
3. I'll be an Arabic teacher. It's my favourite subject. (Join: because)
I'll be an Arabic teacher because it's my favourite subject.

Reading comprehension / 1

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Children and adults are alike. They enjoy flying a kite on a windy day. However, kites are not always the bright and pretty toys we think of today. Kites started as tools for war. The Chinese flew kites around 3,000 years ago. **They** used them to get information and send messages.

Since then, kites have become more than just pieces of flying art. They have played significant roles in discoveries. Perhaps the best-known use of a kite was in a scientific experiment described by Benjamin Franklin in 1752. Franklin hoped to prove the connection between lightning and electricity. Another important use of kites was by the Wright brothers in the early 1900s. They used kites to test their ideas about flying, which helped them invent the world's first aeroplane.

Even now, kites are still an essential part of religious and cultural celebrations, and they have become a part of festivals around the world. The planes that allow us to travel worldwide have all **descended** from the simple kite. They all have the same basic idea.

a) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer: :(6 X2 = 12 Marks)

9. The **best title** for the passage is :

- a) A windy Day
- b) **The History of Kites**
- c) Scientific Experiments
- d) Religious Celebration

10. The meaning of the underlined word "**descended**" in the **3rd** paragraph is:

- a) flew
- b) **came**
- c) helped
- d) enjoyed

11. The underlined pronoun "**they**" in the **1st** paragraph refers to:

- a) tools
- b) years
- c) kites
- d) **the Chinese**



12. According to the passage, all the following sentences are **TRUE** except:

- a) **Kites helped to invent cars.**
- b) Kites were first used as tools for war.
- c) Kites are used in scientific experiments
- d) Kites are used in some cultural celebrations.

13. Franklin used kites in 1752:

- a) because they are bright and pretty toys.
- b) because kites are an important part of religious celebration
- c) **to prove the connection between lightning and electricity.**
- d) to test his ideas about flying and invent the world's first aeroplane.

14. The **purpose of the writer** in writing this passage is to:

- a) advise us to buy kites for children.
- b) suggest new ways to celebrate a festival.
- c) encourage the readers to use kites in the festivals.
- d) **tell the readers some information about kites.**

b) Answer the following questions:

15. When did the Chinese fly kites?

Around 3,000 years ago.

16. How are the planes similar to kites?

They have all descended from the simple kite. / They all have the same basic idea.

I. Reading comprehension/2

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Nine thousand years ago, people did not have money. They traded animals and crops for things **they** wanted. In China, in about 1200 B.C., people traded shells for the things they wanted. Chinese people also traded metal tools, such as metal knives and shovels for the things they wanted.

Later in China, people made metal money. In about 100 B.C., the Chinese made money of animal skin. The first paper money was made from white coloured deer skin. It came from China about 900 years later. In about 700 B.C., people made the first round metal coins. The coins were made of gold and silver. They looked very **similar** to the coins we use today.

Coins came from Lydia. Lydia was located where the country called Turkey is located today. After people made coins in Lydia, people in Rome, Iran, and Greece also began making coins. Coins were very strong and could last a long time without becoming damaged. Money changes with time. No matter what it looks like, money means buying things. Money makes trading easier.

a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (6 x 2 = 12 Marks)

9. What is the **main idea** of the **3rd** paragraph?

a. Making paper money

b. **Making metal coins**

c. Knives and shovels in the past

d. Easy trading in countries

10. The opposite of the underlined word “ **similar** ” in the 2nd paragraph, is :

a. enormous

b. **different**

c. friendly

d. original

11. The underlined word "**they** " in the 1st paragraph, refers to :

- a. things
- b. crops
- c. knives
- d. **people**

12. The first metal coins came from:

- a. Greece
- b. Rome
- c. **Lydia**
- d. Iran

13. The metal coins were strong because they were made of:

- a. **gold and silver**
- b. animal skin
- c. metal tools
- d. sea shells

14. What is the **writer's purpose** of writing this passage?

- a. To give us information about other countries
- b. **To tell us about the history of money**
- c. To explain the importance of trading
- d. To advise us to spend money wisely

b) Answer the following questions:

15. How did people get what they wanted before making money?

They traded animals, crops shells metal tools for things they wanted.

16. Why wasn't the first paper money strong enough?

It was made of white coloured deer skin/ animal skin.

وزارة التربية
الإدارة العامة للتعليم الخاص
التوجيه الفني للغة الانجليزية
امتحان التجريبي - الصف السابع - نهاية الفترة الدراسية الثانية - العام الدراسي 2022/2023
المجال الدراسي : اللغة الإنجليزية الزمن : ساعتين
القراءة : المفردات - الاستيعاب المقروء / الكتابة : القواعد - التعبير الكتابي

I. READING (30 MARKS)

A) Vocabulary (14 Marks)

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (4 × 2 =8 Marks)

01- To be an ideal passenger, you should label your carefully.

- a) deposit b) instrument c) **luggage** d) hurricane

02- It's important to drive your car.....in rainy weather to avoid accidents.

- a) impatiently b) powerfully c) **cautiously** d) regularly

03- It's better to use energy because it's clean and saves energy.

- a) selfish b) **solar** c) brilliant d) environmental

04- A good citizen shouldto the welfare of his own country.

- a) rule b) queue c) **contribute** d) admire

B- Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list: (4 × 1½ = 6 Marks)

(preserve– rarely – recycle – neatly– reward)

05- It's better to **recycle** used materials to save our environment.

06- Refrigerators are used to **preserve** different kinds of vegetables and fruits.

07- In summer, the temperature **rarely** goes under 30 and it is always hot.

08- In big supermarkets, it is easy to find what you want as everything is **neatly** organized

B) Reading Comprehension (16 Marks)**Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:**

Plants and animals need to survive in our wild world. How do they do it? There are many ways for plants and animals to live in our world.

The body or skin of some animals is similar in colour to the land around them. Some animals are brown just like the colour of trees so other animals and hunters cannot see them. Some animals can really change colours to match the place around them. Rabbits are a great example of this. Some rabbits' fur will change colours in different seasons. **They** are brown in the spring, summer, and autumn to match the trees. They become white in the winter when there is snow. This way the rabbit is safer from wild animals and hunters the whole year.

Plants survive in deserts, forests, and the Arctic. Desert plants collect, **store**, and save water for long time. Some plants have roots that get water very quickly. The water is saved in the centre of the plant. Other plants make chemicals that keep insects and animals from eating them. The poison stops the seeds of other plants from growing. It may even kill other plants that are already growing. Some plants make poisons that can kill a person. (205 words)

a-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (6 × 2 = 12 Marks)

9. What is the best title for this text?

a. Living in Winter

b. **Surviving in the Wild**

c. Making good Chemicals

d. Hunting Wild Animal

10. What is the meaning of the underlined word "**store**" in the 3rd paragraph ?

a. study

b. **keep**

c. give

d. feed

11. The underlined word "**They**" in the **2nd** paragraph refers to:

- a. colours
- b. plants
- c. **rabbits**
- d. seasons

12. How do plants survive in the desert?

- a. They keep the seeds from growing.
- b. They keep water away from insects.
- c. They change colour in summer and in winter.
- d. **They store and save water for long periods.**



13. All the following sentences are **TRUE EXCEPT**:

- a. Some plants have roots that get water very fast.
- b. Plants store water in the center of the plant.
- c. **All plants make poisons that can kill a person.**
- d. Chemicals keep insects and animals from eating plants.

14. The **purpose of the writer** in this passage is to tell us:

- a. how tall trees grow fast in winter.
- b. how plants make a lot of chemicals.
- c. how rabbits live and eat in winter only.
- d. **how animals and plants face dangers of life.**

b- Answer the following questions, according to the passage: (2 × 2 = 4 Marks)

15. How can rabbits stay safe in winter?

They become white in the winter when there is snow.

16. Why shouldn't we eat plants that we do not know?

Because some plants even make poisons that can kill a person.

II. WRITING (30 MARKS)

A) Grammar (12 Marks)

a- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (4 × 2 = 8 Marks)

17. I'm looking my keys. Have you seen them?

- a) to b) at c) **for** d) in

18. My mother buy a new computer last week.

- a) hasn't b) isn't c) doesn't d) **didn't**

19. I used to too much fast food, now I eat healthy food.

- a) ate b) will eat c) **eat** d) eating

20. Paul study hard for his science exams. He isn't good at science.

- a) mustn't b) doesn't have to c) **has to** d) can

B- Do as required in brackets: (2 × 2 = 4 Marks)

21. My mother cut the bread with a big knife. (Make Passive)

The bread was cut with a big knife.

22. Mum threw away all the old things. She didn't need them. (Use: which)

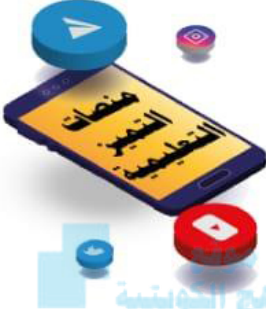
Mum threw away all the old things which she didn't need.



مدرسة التميز النموذجية
(ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي)
الجهاز الفني التربوي

منصات التميز التعليمية

لزيارة منصة التميز التعليمية في اليوتيوب امسح الباركود التالي :



لزيارة منصة التميز التعليمية في تليجرام امسح الباركود الخاص بقناة كل فصل مما يلي :



الصف الرابع



الصف الثالث



الصف الثاني



الصف الأول



الصف التاسع



الصف الثامن



الصف السابع



الصف السادس



الصف الخامس



الصف الثاني عشر
أدبي



الصف الثاني عشر
علمي



الصف الحادي عشر
علمي



الصف الحادي عشر
أدبي



الصف العاشر



لزيارة صفحتنا في تويتر

لزيارة صفحتنا في الإنستغرام