

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



مدرسة محمد عثمان الراشد

الملف امتحان تجريبي نهاية الفترة الأولى نموذج 2

[موقع المناهج](#) ← [ملفات الكويت التعليمية](#) ← [الصف السادس](#) ← [لغة انجليزية](#) ← [الفصل الثاني](#)

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السادس



روابط مواد الصف السادس على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

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المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السادس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

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الاسئلة في 7 صفحات

دولة الكويت
وزارة التربية
الإدارة العامة للتعليم الخاص
التوجيه الفني للغة الإنجليزية
مدرسة محمد عثمان الراشد

امتحان **تجريبي** نهاية الفترة الدراسية الأولى - الصف السادس - 2025 / 2026
المجال الدراسي: اللغة الإنجليزية - الزمن: ساعتان
مكونات الامتحان: (المفردات - الاستيعاب المقروء - القواعد - التعبير الكتابي)

(Total 60 Marks)

I- Reading (30 Marks)

A- Vocabulary (14 Marks)

14

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable word that best completes each of the following sentences: (4X2=8 Marks)

01. The old man told us a fascinating about a hero.
a. reward b. tale c. pollution d. gallery
02. We must use smartphonesto avoid their downsides.
a. carelessly b. especially c. nervously d. wisely
03. The museum staff willthe visitors in their tour.
a. harm b. reduce c. guide d. earn
04. He felt verywhen he got a gift from his friend.
a. cheerful b. unique c. crowded d. silver

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below: (4X1½=6 Marks)

(recycle / poetry / chance / allow / admire)

05. I always.....people who are honest and kind.
06. Don't miss theto visit the famous museum.
07. My sister enjoys writingin her notebook.
08. People canglass bottles many times.

B- Reading Comprehension (16 Marks)

- Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

16

Nine thousand years ago, people did not have money. They traded animals and crops for things they wanted. In China, in about 1200 B.C., people traded shells for the things they wanted. Chinese people also traded metal tools, such as metal knives and shovels for the things **they** wanted.

Later in China, people made metal money. In about 100 B.C., the Chinese made money of animal skin. The first paper money was made from white coloured deer skin. They could be easily damaged and torn. It came from China about 900 years later. In about 700 B.C., people made the first round metal coins. The coins were made of gold and silver. They looked very **similar** to the coins we use today.

Coins came from Lydia. Lydia was located where the country called Turkey is located today. After people made coins in Lydia, people in Rome, Iran, and Greece also began making coins. Coins were very strong and could last a long time without becoming damaged. Money changes with time. No matter what it looks like, money means buying things. Money makes trading easier.

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable answer: (6X2=12 Marks)

09. The **main idea** of the **3rd** paragraph is:

- Making paper money.
- Making metal coins.
- Bartering in the past.
- Different uses of money.

10. The **opposite** of the underlined word '**similar**' in the **2nd** paragraph is:

- enormous
- different
- same
- original

11. The underlined word “they” in the 1st paragraph refers to:
- tools.
 - knives.
 - shells.
 - people.
12. The first metal coins came from:
- Greece.
 - Lydia.
 - Rome.
 - Iran.
13. The metal coins were strong because they were made of:
- gold and silver.
 - animal skin.
 - paper and wood.
 - sea shells.
14. The purpose of the writer in writing this passage is:
- To give us information about other countries
 - To tell us about the history of money
 - To explain the importance of trading
 - To advise us to spend money wisely

B. With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: (2x2=4 Marks)

15. How did people get what they wanted before making money?

.....

.....

16. Why wasn't the first paper money strong enough?

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.....

.....

II- Writing (30 Marks)

A- Grammar (12 Marks)

12

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer that best completes each of the following sentences: (4X2=8 Marks)



17. That is the parkwe had a picnic last week.

- a. who b. which c. where d. when

18. My brothera new bicycle next week.

- a. buy b. will buy c. bought d. was buying

19. You will feel better if yousome medicine.

- a. takes b. take c. are taking d. took

20. He prefers funny stories before sleeping.

- a. read b. reads c. reading d. was reading

B. Do as required between brackets: (2X2=4 Marks)

21. My uncle used to play tennis when he was young (Make negative)

.....

22. My father went out while I (study) for my final exam. (Correct the verb)

.....

B- Writing (18 Marks)

18

Write on the following topic: (Expository)

A holiday is a time of fun and relaxation.

Plan and write a paragraph of not less than (6 sentences) describing your last holiday.

The following guide words may help you:

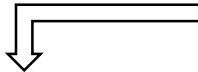
(amazing – travel – happily – weather – tasty– a week)

NB: Writing should include (a topic sentence, supporting details and a concluding sentence).

The Plan (2 Marks)

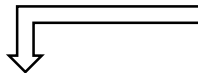
Topic sentence:

.....



Supporting details:

.....
.....
.....
.....



Concluding sentence:

.....

The Topic (16 Marks)



Planning (outline)	Exposition of ideas & coherence	Number of sentences	Gr.	Sp.	Hw.	Pu.	Changing format	Total
2	6	2	2	2	2	2	-1	18

- 1 mark to be deducted from the total mark for changing the format.
- Off-point topics receive **ZERO**.

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مع تمنياتنا لكم بالنجاح